

PHILIPS

21HT3402

MODEL

SERVICE MANUAL

Service

Service

Service

A7H.1

AA

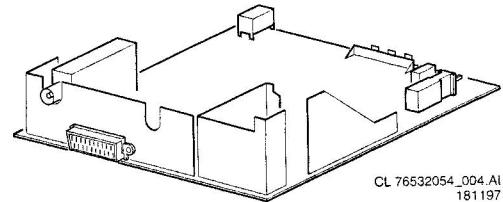


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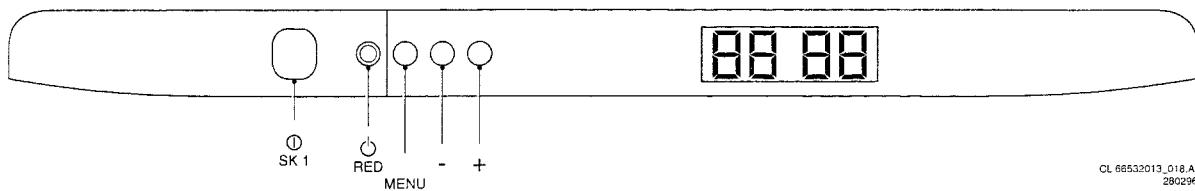


2 Chassis A7H.1

1. Technical specifications

Mains voltage	: 220 - 240 V \pm 10% AC; 50 Hz \pm 5%	Indications	: On Screen Display (OSD) green/red
Power cons. at 220V~	: 14" 43 W (stand-by \leq 6 W) : 17" 45 W (stand-by \leq 6 W) : 21" 63 W (stand-by \leq 6 W)		: 1 LED (\ominus red for stand-by, \oplus green for TV-on, blinking red for "RC5" and error code)
Aerial input impedance TV	: 75 Ω - coax		
Min. aerial input VHF	: 30 μ V	VCR programs	: 0
Min. aerial input UHF	: 40 μ V	Tuning and operating system	: \square PLL
Max. aerial input VHF/UHF	: 180mV	UV916E / IEC (PLL)	: VHFa: 48 - 118 MHz : VHFb: 118 - 300 MHz
Pull-in range colour sync	: \pm 300Hz		: Hyper: 300 - 470 MHz
Pull-in range horizontal sync	: \pm 600Hz	U944 / IEC (PLL)	: UHF: 470 - 861 MHz
Pull-in range vertical sync	: \pm 5Hz		: UHF: 470 - 861 MHz
Picture tube range	: 14", 17", 21" : 1 W mono execution: 4" full range round 25 Ω 2W : 3 W mono execution: 4" woofer round 16 Ω 3W 1" tweeter round 16 Ω 3W		
TV Systems	: PAL I : PAL BG : PAL BG / SECAM BGDK : PAL BG / SECAM BGL'		

Local operating functions

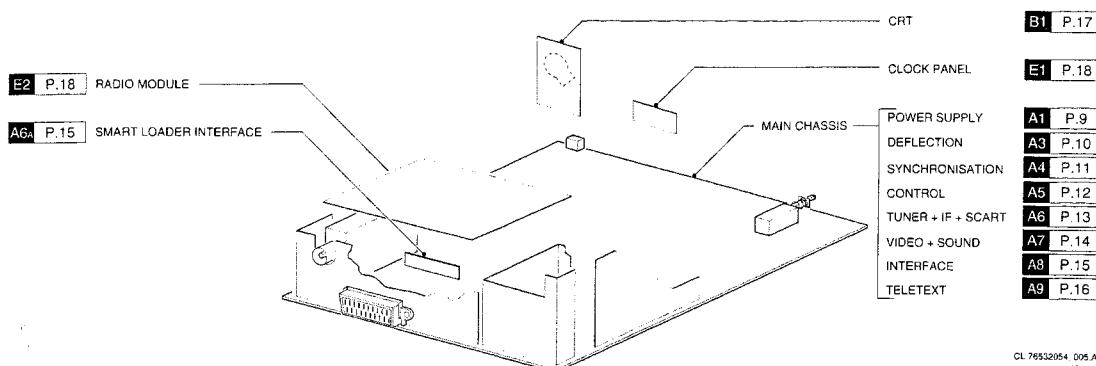


2. Connection facilities

Euroconnector:

	1 - Audio \ominus R (0V5 RMS \leq 1k Ω)	14 - +5SI to smart-loader
	2 - Audio \ominus R (0V2 - 2V RMS \geq 10k Ω)	15 - Red (0V7 _{pp} /75 Ω)
	3 - Audio \ominus L (0V5 RMS \leq 1k Ω)	16 - RGB-status (0-0V4 int.)/(1-3V ext. 75 Ω)
	4 - Audio \perp	17 - CVBS \perp
	5 - Blue \perp	18 - CVBS \perp
	6 - Audio \ominus L (0V2 - 2V RMS \geq 10kW)	19 - CVBS \ominus (1V _{pp} /75 Ω)
	7 - Blue (0V7 _{pp} /75W)	20 - CVBS \ominus (1V _{pp} /75 Ω)
	8 - CVBS-status 1 \ominus (0-2V int., 10-12V ext.)	21 - Earthscreen
	9 - Green \perp	
	10 - SDA to smart-loader	
	11 - Green (0V7 _{pp} /75 Ω)	
	12 - SCL to smart-loader	
	13 - Red \perp	

Location of panels



3. Safety instructions, Maintenance instructions, Warnings and Notes

Safety instructions for repairs

1. Safety regulations require that during a repair:
 - The set should be connected to the mains via an isolating transformer;
 - Safety components, indicated by the symbol , should be replaced by components identical to the original ones;
 - When replacing the CRT, safety goggles must be worn.
2. Safety regulations require that after a repair the set must be returned in its original condition. In particular attention should be paid to the following points:
 - As a strict precaution, we advise you to resolder the solder joints through which the horizontal deflection current is flowing, in particular:
 - all pins of the line output transformer (LOT);
 - fly-back capacitor(s);
 - S-correction capacitor(s);
 - line output transistor;
 - pins of the connector with wires to the deflection coil;
 - other components through which the deflection current flows.

Note:

This resoldering is advised to prevent bad connections due to metal fatigue in solder joints and is therefore only necessary for television sets older than 2 years.

- The wire trees and EHT cable should be routed correctly and fixed with the mounted cable clamps.
- The insulation of the mains lead should be checked for external damage.
- The mains lead strain relief should be checked for its function in order to avoid touching the CRT, hot components or heat sinks.
- The electrical DC resistance between the mains plug and the secondary side should be checked (only for sets which have a mains isolated power supply). This check can be done as follows:
 - unplug the mains cord and connect a wire between the two pins of the mains plug;
 - set the mains switch to the on position (keep the mains cord unplugged!);
 - measure the resistance value between the pins of the mains plug and the metal shielding of the tuner or the aerial connection on the set. The reading should be between 4.5 MΩ and 12 MΩ;
 - switch off the TV and remove the wire between the two pins of the mains plug.
- The cabinet should be checked for defects to avoid touching of any inner parts by the customer.

Maintenance instructions

It is recommended to have a maintenance inspection carried out by a qualified service employee. The interval depends on the usage conditions:

- When the set is used under normal circumstances, for example in a living room, the recommended interval is 3 to 5 years.
- When the set is used in circumstances with higher dust, grease or moisture levels, for example in a kitchen, the recommended interval is 1 year.

The maintenance inspection contains the following actions:

- Execute the above mentioned 'general repair instruction'.
- Clean the power supply and deflection circuitry on the chassis.
- Clean the picture tube panel and the neck of the picture tube.

Warnings

1. In order to prevent damage to ICs and transistors, all high-voltage flashovers must be avoided. In order to prevent damage to the picture tube, the method shown in Fig. 3.1 should be used to discharge the picture tube. Use a high-voltage probe and a multimeter (position DC-V). Discharge until the meter reading is 0V (after approx. 30s).

2. ESD

All ICs and many other semiconductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD). Careless handling during repair can reduce life drastically. When repairing, make sure that you are connected with the same potential as the mass of the set by a wristband with resistance. Keep components and tools also at this same potential.

Available ESD protection equipment:

anti-static table mat;	
large 1200x650x1.25mm	4822 466 10953
anti-static table mat;	
small 600x650x1.25mm	4822 466 10958
anti-static wristband	4822 395 10223
connection box	
(3 press stud connections, 1 MΩ)	4822 320 11307
extension cable (2 m, 2 MΩ);	
to connect wristband to connection box	4822 320 11305
connecting cable (3 m, 2 MΩ);	
to connect table mat to connection box	4822 320 11306
earth cable (1 MΩ; to connect any	
product to mat or connection box)	4822 320 11308
complete kit ESD3 (combining all 6 prior	
products; small table mat)	4822 310 10671
wristband tester	4822 344 13999

3. Together with the deflection unit and any multipole unit, the flat square picture tubes used from an integrated unit. The deflection and the multipole units are set optimally at the factory. Adjustment of this unit during repair is therefore not recommended.
4. Be careful during measurements in the high-voltage section and on the picture tube.
5. Never replace modules or other components while the unit is switched on.
6. When making settings, use plastic rather than metal tools. This will prevent any short circuits and the danger of a circuit becoming unstable.

Notes

1. The direct voltages and oscilloscopes should be measured with regard to the tuner earth () or hot earth () as this is called.
2. The direct voltages and oscilloscopes shown in the diagrams are indicative and should be measured in the **Service Default Mode** (see chapter 6) with a colour bar signal and stereo sound (L:3 kHz, R:1 kHz unless stated otherwise) and picture carrier at 475.25 MHz.
3. Where necessary, the oscilloscopes and direct voltages are measured with () and without aerial signal () Voltages in the power supply section are measured both for normal operation () and in standby () These values are indicated by means of the appropriate symbols.
4. The picture tube PWB has printed spark gaps. Each spark gap is connected between an electrode of the picture tube and the Aquadag coating.
5. The semiconductors indicated in the circuit diagram and in the parts lists are completely interchangeable per position with the semiconductors in the unit, irrespective of the type indication on these semiconductors.
6. Manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation. DOLBY, the double D symbol  and PRO LOGIC are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

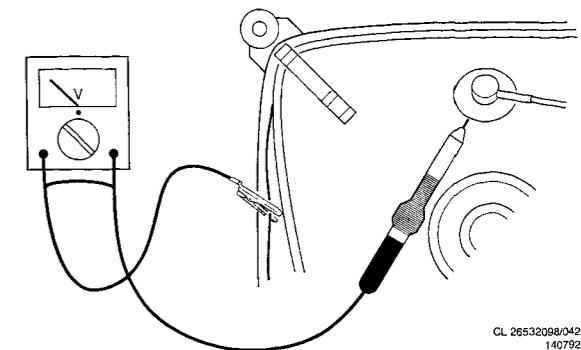


Fig. 3.1

4. Mechanical instructions

For the main carrier two service positions are possible (Fig. 4.1):

- A: For faultfinding on the component side of the main carrier.
- B: For (de)soldering activities on the copper side of the main carrier.

Position A can be reached by first removing the mains cord from its fixation, then loosen the carrier lips (1) and then pulling the carrier panel (2) for approximately 10 cm.

Position B can be reached from position A after disconnecting the degaussing cable.

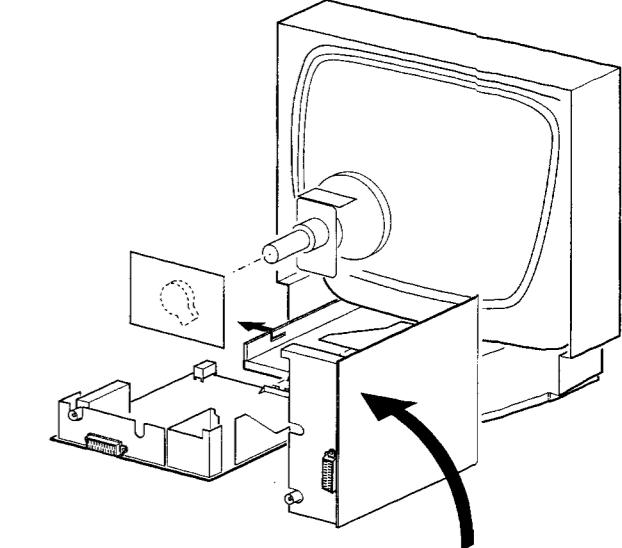
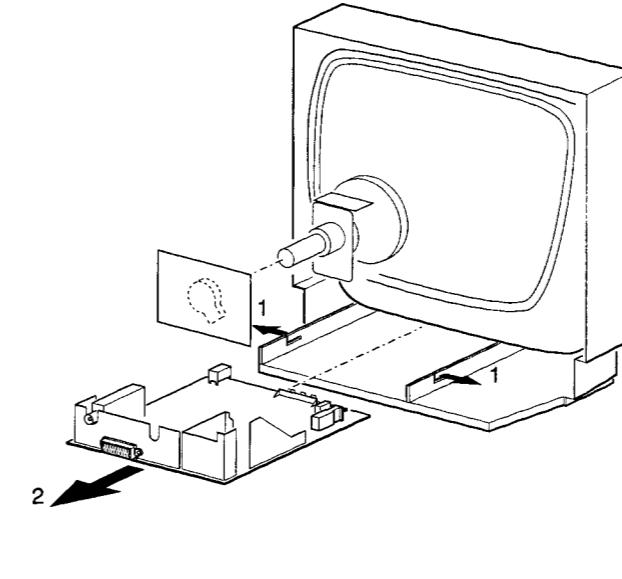


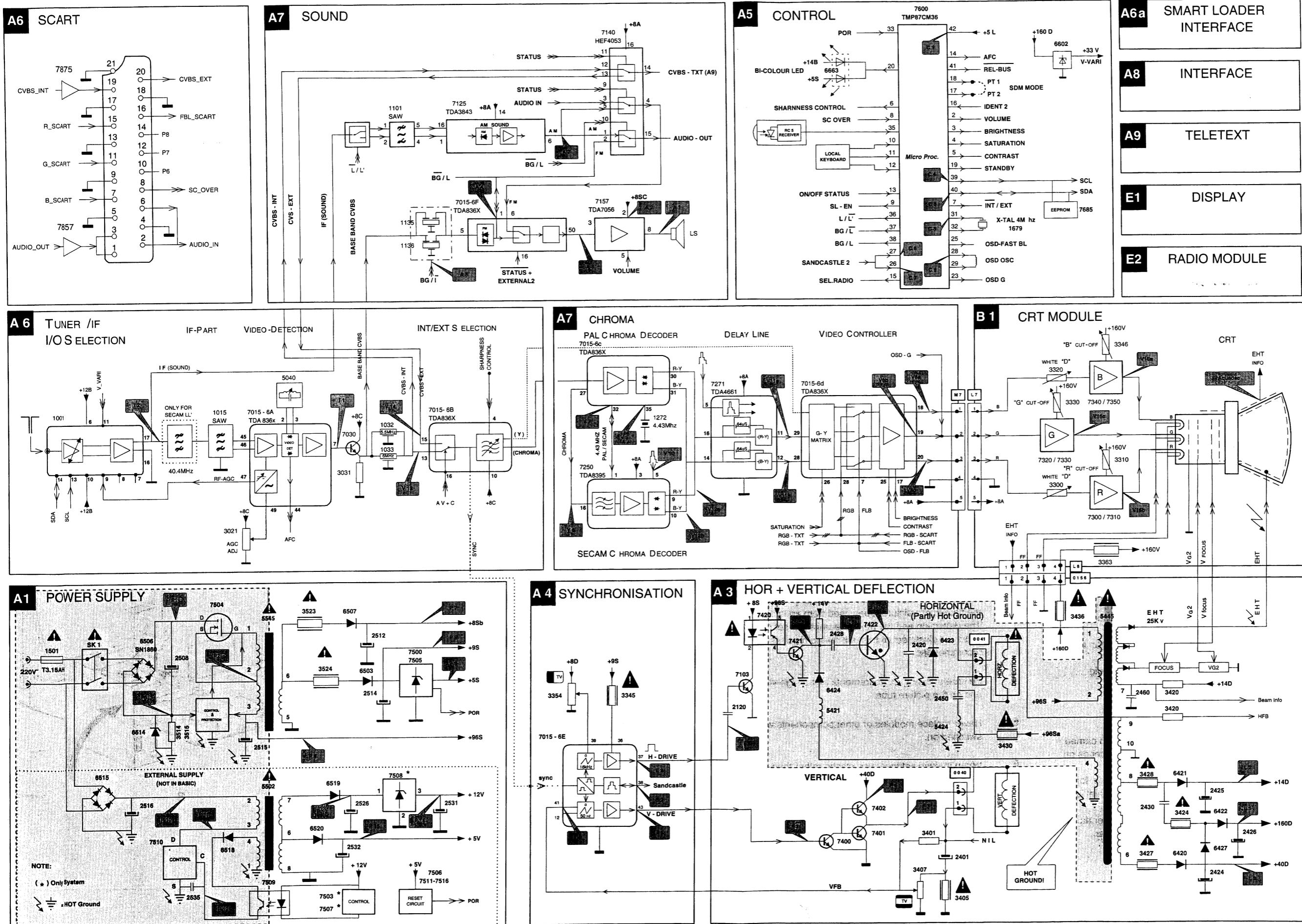
Fig. 4.1

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181197

5. Block diagram / Blockschaltbild / Schéma-bloc

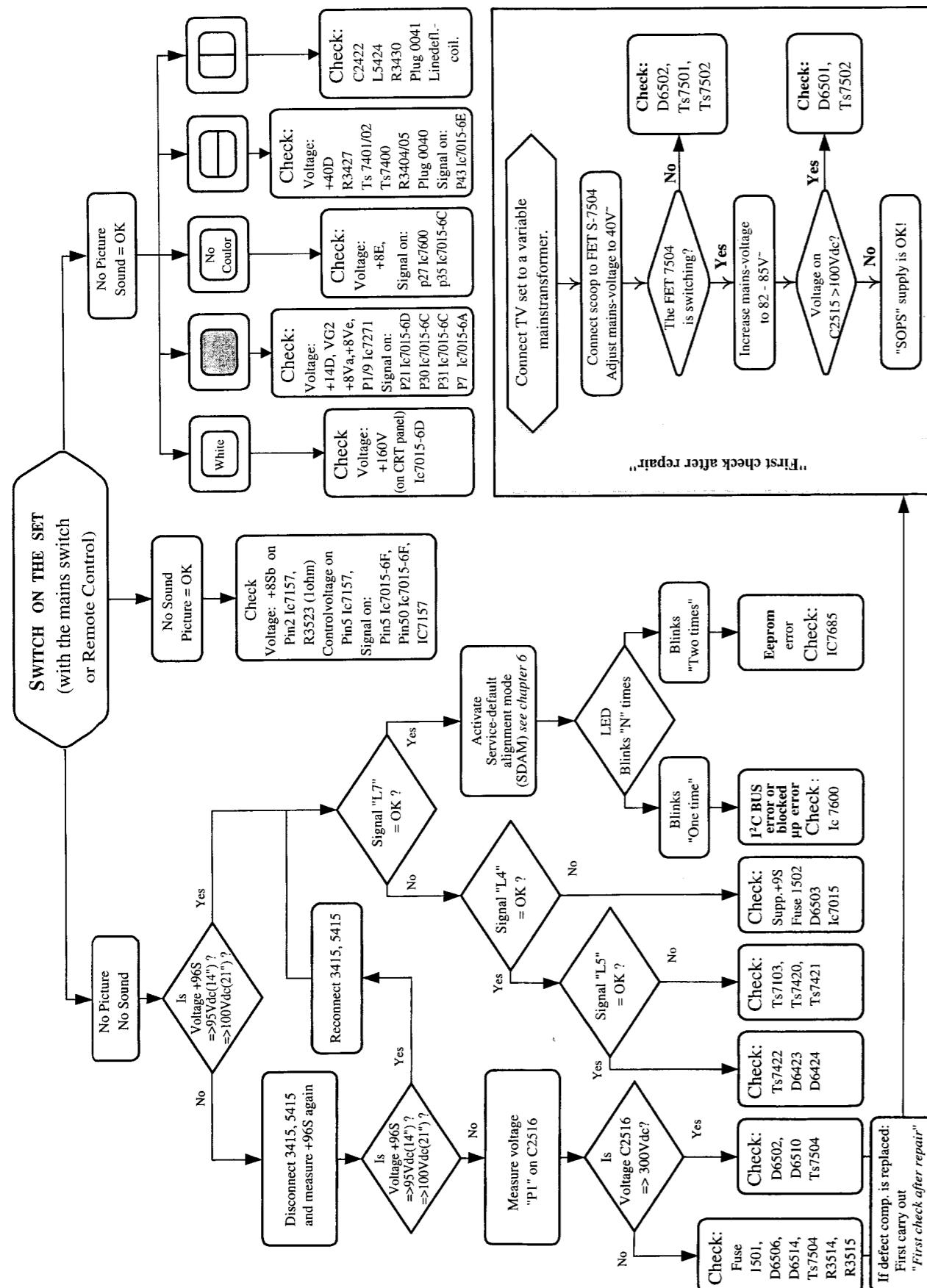
Chassis A7H.1 4

Block diagram / Blockschaltbild / Schéma-bloc



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6. Fault finding tree & Repair facilities / Fehlersuchbaum & Reparaturhinweise / Aide au depannage & Conseils pour la réparations



Repair facilities

1. Functional blocks

On both the service printing on the copper and the component side, functional blocks are indicated by lines and text.

2. Test points

The AA5H chassis is equipped with test points in the service printing on both sides of mono-board. These test points are referring to the functional blocks as mentioned above:

- * P1-P2-P3, etc: Test points for the power supply
- * L1-L2-L3, etc: Test points for the line drive and line output circuitry
- * F1-F2-F3, etc: Test points for the frame drive and frame output circuitry
- * S1-S2-S3, etc: Test points for the synchronisation circuitry
- * V1-V2-V3, etc: Test points for the video processing circuitry
- * A1-A2-A3, etc: Test points for the audio processing circuitry
- * C1-C2-C3, etc: Test points for the control circuitry
- * T1-T2-T3, etc: Test points for the teletext processing circuitry

The numbering is done in a for diagnostics logical sequence, always start diagnosing within a functional block, in the sequence of the relevant test points, for that functional block.

3. Service default-alignment mode (SDAM)

The service default-alignment mode is a pre-defined mode which can be used for faultfinding (especially when the TV gives no picture at all). All oscillograms and DC voltages in this service manual are measured in the service default-alignment mode. Alignment (if present) are also done in this mode.

Activate the service default-alignment mode can be done in ways:

1. By short-circuiting the service pins PT1 and PT2 of the microcomputer (pin 14 of IC7600) while pressing the mains-switch.
2. From normal operation mode by pressing the button "DEFAULT" or "ALIGN" on the DST (Dealer Service Tool) RC7150.

Leaving the service default-alignment mode to normal operation can only be done by the stand-by on the remote control or by pressing diagnose 99 followed by the OK-button on the DST (so not via mains switch "off"; after mains switch "off" and then "on" again the set will start up in the service default-alignment mode again to enable easy faultfinding).

"S" for service menu active -

Option code + Counter + Software version :

Error code history -

Functions of the service default-alignment mode:

1. All analogue settings (volume, contrast, brightness and saturation) are in the mid position.
2. Set is tuned to 475.25 Mhz.
3. Delta volume settings are not used (delta volume setting = a delta on the volume setting).
4. OSD error message (present available error code) is displayed continuously.
5. The +key and the -key of TV will act as search and auto store on the maximum program number.
6. Automatic switch off function (set switches "off" after 15 minutes no IDENT) will be switched off.
7. Hotel mode will be disabled.
8. All other functions remain normal controllable.
9. Software version of the microprocessor used in that typical set is displayed in the right top corner.
10. A counter in the middle of the screen indicate the normal operation hours of the set in a hexadecimal code (every time the set is switched "on" the counter is incremented by 1 hour, so +1 at the counter).
11. The "S" in the middle of the screen above the counter indicate that the set is in the service default-alignment mode.
12. Option code
This code indicates the Options setting of the set.
13. Error code history:
The 5 last different error codes occurred are stored in the EEPROM memory; last error code detected will be displayed on the left side (see for an overview of all possible error codes Fig. 6.3), so e.g.:

- means no error codes present in the buffer.
- means one error code present in the buffer; error code 3.
- means two error codes present in the buffer; last detected error code is error code 2, previous detected error code is error code 3.

The error code history buffer is cleared when the Service Menu is left by the stand-by command or by diagnose 99 command. In case the Service Menu is left by the mains switch "off" the error code history buffer will not be cleared. With commands diagnose 1..5 on the DST it is possible to read out the error-buffer. This can be done on the following manner:

- press the diagnose button on the DST.
- press the number of the error position you want to read.
- press the OK-button on the DST.

Diagnose 1 is the most actual error. So the left position of the error-buffer. Diagnose 5 displays the most right position of the error-buffer. If there is an error on the selected position the led will blink twice the error code. The error code on the DST has to be ignored. Diagnose 1..5 is an powerfull tool to read out the error-buffer when there is no picture.

	S	
F4	003C	1.0
	23000	

Fig. 6.

Repair facilities

4. Option setting

All option setting are done in the normal menus. These menus can be selected by selecting the maximum TV-channel followed by pushing the volume/program selection button and at the same time pressing the volume-minus button for more then four seconds. With cursor up/down one of the items can be selected. With cursor right/left the items can be changed. New option settings are activated immediately.

The following options can be choosen:

System	SINGLE	For a BG,DK or BG/DK set.
	MULTI F	For a BG+L+I set.
	UHF	For a I, UHF only set.
Teletext	YES/NO	Teletext can be selected yes or no.
Clock	YES/NO	Clock can be selected yes or no.
Radio	INT	To select internal radio tuner.
	EXT	This means that the radio is external. In this way TV-presets could be used as radio. The installation of these kind of programs is the same as for TV programmes. Radio channels can be modulated by the system installer on TV frequencies.
	NO	No radio available.

5. Option code

The option code is built up with 8 bits. The following table explains which option influences which bit.

BIT	Description	
0 (LSB)	Not used	
1	Interface system	0=non system 1=system
2	Radio internal	1=radio present
3	Not used	
4	Clock	1=clock present
5	Teletext	1=txt present
6	Tv-system	
7 (MSB)	Tv-system	

Fig. 6.2

Tv-system (bit 7 and bit 6)

- 00 = single PAL
- 01 = PAL I
- 10 = not used
- 11 = MULTI-F

"OSD error number" (Service Menu)	"LED behaviour"	Error description	Possible defective component
0	No led blinking	No error	
1	LED blinks once	General I ² C bus	
2	LED blinks twice times	Eeprom error	IC7685
3	LED blinks three times	TXT-error	IC7700 / 7990 / wrong option
4	LED blinks four times	PLL-tuner error	Item 1001 / wrong option
5	LED blinks five times	Radio-module error	IC7904 / item 1910 / wrong option
6	LED blinks six times	Display error	IC7951

Fig. 6.3

Example: option code F4 (hexadecimal presented) means a full multi set non system with teletext, clock and internal radio. F4 is in binair 1111 0100.

6. Error messages

The microcomputer also detects errors in circuits connected to the I²C (Inter IC) bus. These error messages are communicated via OSD (On Screen Display) and a flashing LED in the service default-alignment mode. (error code history buffer):

1. In normal operation:

In normal operation no errors are indicated.

2. In the service default-alignment mode:

In the service default-alignment mode both the "OSD error code" and the "LED error" indication will display the present detected error twice.

7. Hotel mode

7.1 Hotel-mode "on"

To enter to hotel mode a setting must be changed in the installation menu.

7.2 Function of the hotel mode

- Volume cannot be increased above the maximum level installed.
- Store open/close is ignored, message "LOCKED" is shown.
- Local keys are blocked. If the blocking option is set, a message "LOCKED" is shown when a local key is pressed.
- All protected programs cannot be selected. To free protected programmes the remote control key "PIP on/off" must be pressed or the relevant menu item must be changed. This key works as a toggle function.

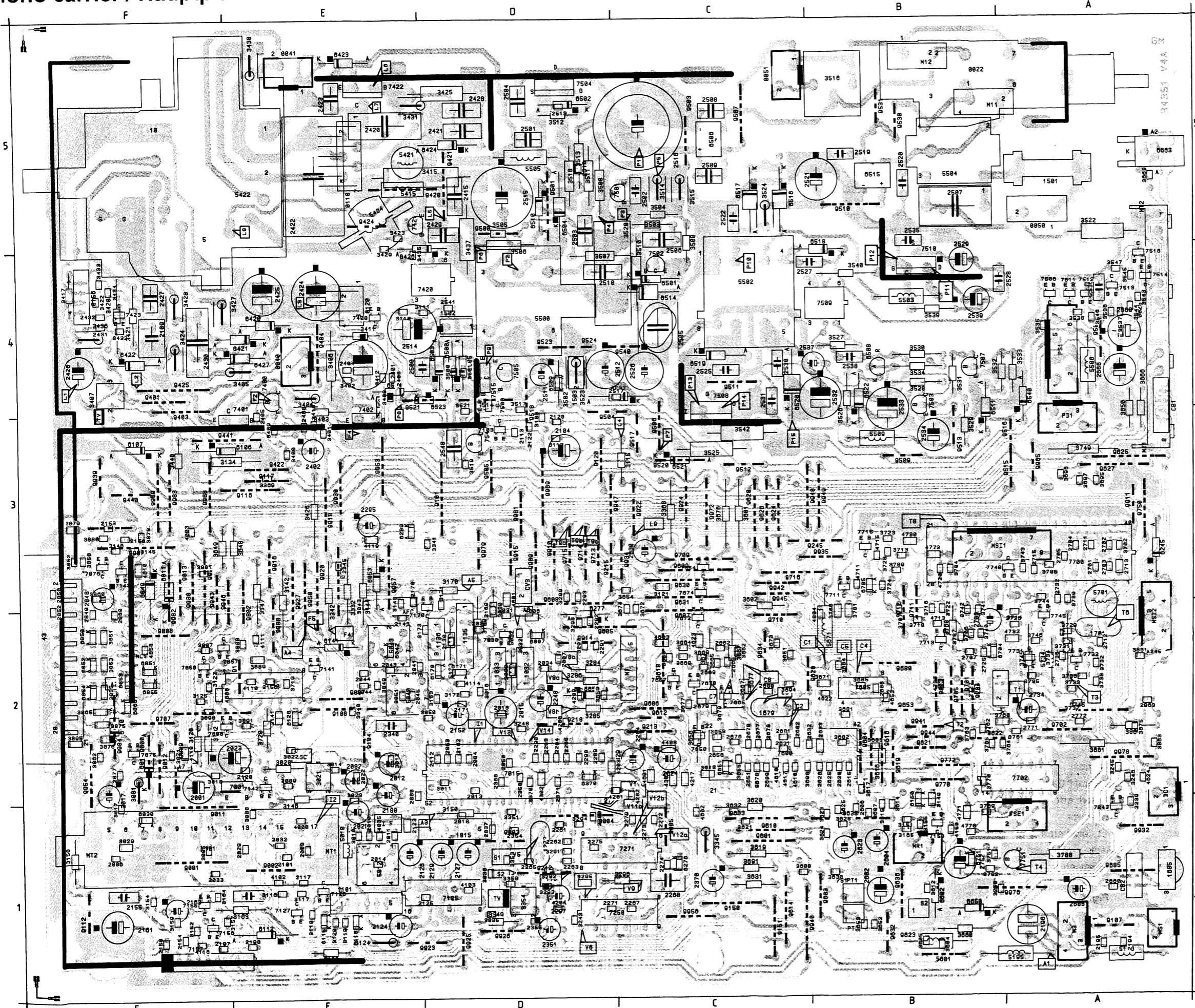
7.3 Hotel-mode "off"

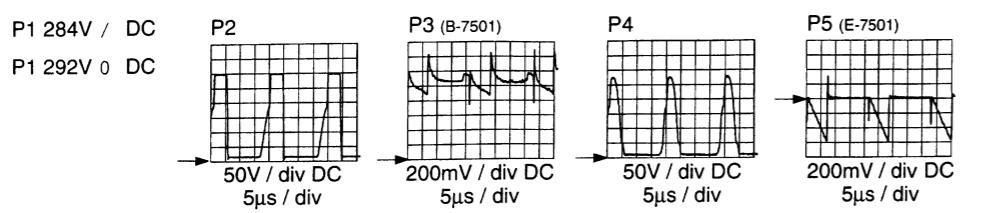
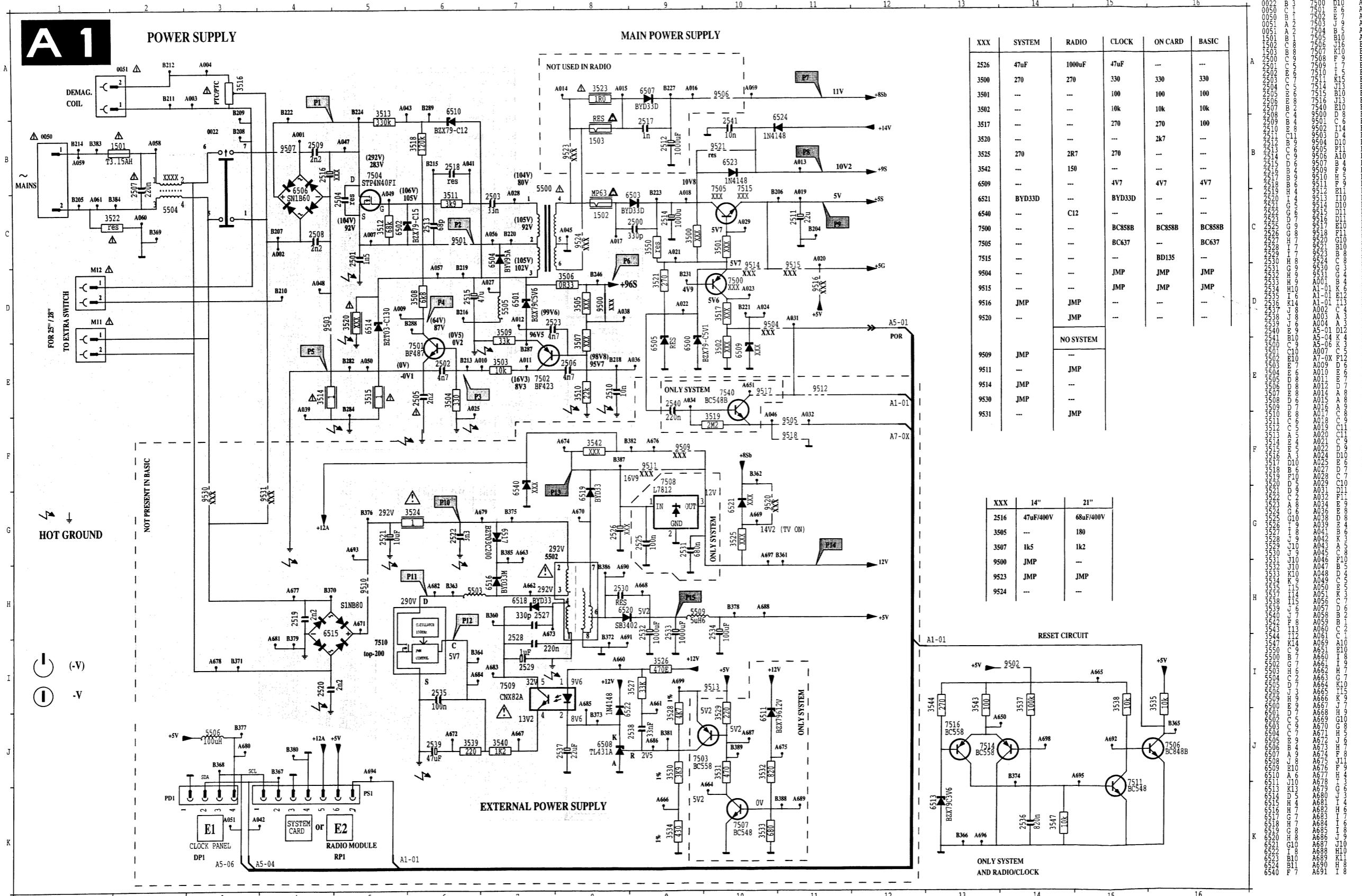
To leave to hotel mode a setting must be changed in the installation menu. Same setting as in the Hotel-mode "on".

Mapping main chassis

0022 B	2263 D1*	2615 B2*	3121 C3*	3436 F4	3672 C2*	4003 F3*	6420 E4	7665 C2*	9616 B2	CB2 A1
0025 A4	2265 D1*	2620 B2*	3124 E1	3437 D4	3673 C2*	4006 D2*	6421 E4	7670 C2*	9618 C2	CV1 A2
0040 E4	2267 C1*	2623 B1	3125 F2*	3440 F3	3674 C2*	4008 E1*	6422 F4	7672 C2*	9619 B2	CV3 D3
0041 E5	2268 C1	2624 C2	3126 F2*	3500 D4*	3675 A2*	4035 E1*	6423 E5	7674 C3*	9620 B2	DC1 A1
0043 F2	2271 C1*	2625 B2*	3127 E2*	3501 D4*	3676 C3	4102 E1*	6424 D5	7685 B2	9621 B2	FSE1 A1
0050 A5	2272 C1*	2626 B2*	3134 E3	3502 D4	3677 C2*	4103 D1*	6426 D4	7700 A3	9622 A2	M11 A5
0051 B5	2273 C1*	2629 C2	3141 E2*	3503 C4	3678 C2*	4110 E2*	6427 E4	7702 A2	9623 B1	M12 B5
0110 E5	2274 C1*	2630 C3	3142 E3	3504 C5	3679 C2*	4111 E2*	6500 D4	7711 B3*	9624 C3	M3 A1
0120 E4	2275 D1*	2631 C2*	3143 E3	3505 D4	3680 C2*	4114 D2*	6501 C4	7713 B2*	9625 A3	M7 C2
0156 F4	2279 C1*	2632 B2*	3144 E3	3506 D4	3681 B2*	4116 F1*	6502 D5	7715 B3*	9626 C3	ML1 F3
1001 F1	2280 D1*	2633 B2*	3145 F3*	3507 C4	3682 B2*	4118 F2*	6503 D4	7731 A2*	9627 A3	ML2 F3
1015 D1	2283 D2*	2651 C2*	3146 E2	3508 C5	3683 B2*	4119 E3*	6504 D5	7732 A2*	9628 C3	ML3 F3
1032 D2	2284 D2*	2658 C2	3147 E3	3509 C4	3684 B2*	4150 B1*	6505 D4	7740 A3*	9630 C3	ML4 F2
1033 D2	2285 D2*	2660 A1*	3148 F3*	3510 C4	3685 B2*	4201 C2*	6506 C5	7745 A2*	9631 C3	ML5 F2
1101 E1	2289 C2*	2662 C2*	3149 B1*	3511 D5	3691 C1	4202 C2*	6507 C4	7751 A1	9632 B1	MR1 B1
1135 D2	2290 D2*	2663 C2*	3150 D1	3512 D4	3694 C2*	4203 C2*	6508 B4	7856 F2*	9633 C1	MS1 A1
1136 D2	2291 C2*	2666 A4	3151 B1	3513 D5	3695 A3*	4204 D1*	6509 D4*	7857 E2*	9634 C2	MS11 A3
1272 D1	2292 D2*	2667 C2*	3152 F1*	3514 C5	3696 A3*	4208 D2*	6510 D5	7858 E2*	9635 B1	MS12 A2
1501 A5	2293 D3*	2668 A4	3153 D2	3515 C5	3697 A3*	4209 D2*	6511 A3	7875 F2*	9636 B1	PD1 A3
1502 D4	2294 C2*	2669 C2*	3154 F1*	3516 B5	3698 B2*	4217 C2*	6514 C4	7876 F3*	9653 B2	PS1 A4
1503 D4	2295 E3	2670 C2*	3155 B1*	3517 D4*	3702 A3*	4302 D2*	6515 B5	9000 F2	9680 B2	PT1 B1
1679 C2	2297 D1	2676 C2*	3156 E2*	3518 D5	3704 B3*	4303 C2*	6516 C5	9001 F1	9685 A1	PT2 B1
1685 A1	2298 D2*	2677 C2*	3157 E1*	3519 D3*	3705 A3*	4408 C2*	6517 C5	9002 E1	9701 B2	S2 B1
1701 A2	2340 E2	2678 C2*	3158 F1	3520 C4	3706 B2*	4601 C2*	6518 B4	9003 D1	9702 A2	=" Chip component
2001 F2	2345 E3*	2679 C2*	3159 F1	3521 D4*	3707 B2*	4602 C1*	6519 C4	9004 D1	9704 B2	
2006 F1*	2350 D2*	2680 C2*	3163 E1	3522 A4	3709 B3*	4603 C2*	6520 B4	9005 C1	9705 B2	
2007 D2*	2351 D1*	2681 C2*	3164 E1*	3523 D4	3713 B3*	4616 B2*	6521 C3	9007 E2	9707 F2	
2008 E1*	2354 D1*	2682 B2*	3165 B1	3524 C4	3714 A2*	4617 C2*	6522 B4	9008 F2	9708 E2	
2010 E1*	2355 D1*	2685 A1	3169 D2	3525 C3	3716 B2*	4618 C2*	6523 D4	9009 F2	9709 C3	
2011 E1*	2360 D2*	2686 B2*	3170 D3	3526 B4	3718 B2*	4622 B2*	6524 E4	9011 F1	9710 C2	
2012 E2	2370 C1	2689 C2*	3171 D3*	3527 D2*	3719 E2*	4623 C2*	6540 A4	9012 F2	9711 B2	
2013 D2*	2371 D2*	2701 A3	3172 D2*	3528 B4	3720 E2*	4624 A2*	6602 B1	9013 F3	9712 B2	
2014 E1*	2400 E3*	2702 A3*	3173 D2*	3529 B3	3722 B2*	4653 B2*	6650 B1	9101 D3	9713 C3	
2015 D2	2401 E4	2703 A3*	3198 E1	3530 B4	3723 B3*	4711 B3*	6651 C2*	9104 E2	9714 D3	
2016 D2*	2402 E3	2704 A3*	3243 D1	3531 B4	3724 B3*	4713 B2*	6658 D2	9107 A1	9715 D3	
2017 F2	2404 E4*	2705 A3*	3245 A2*	3532 A4	3728 B3*	4715 B3*	6704 A2*	9108 E2	9716 B3	
2018 D1*	2405 E3*	2706 A2*	3246 A2*	3533 A						

Mono carrier / Hauptplatine / Châssis

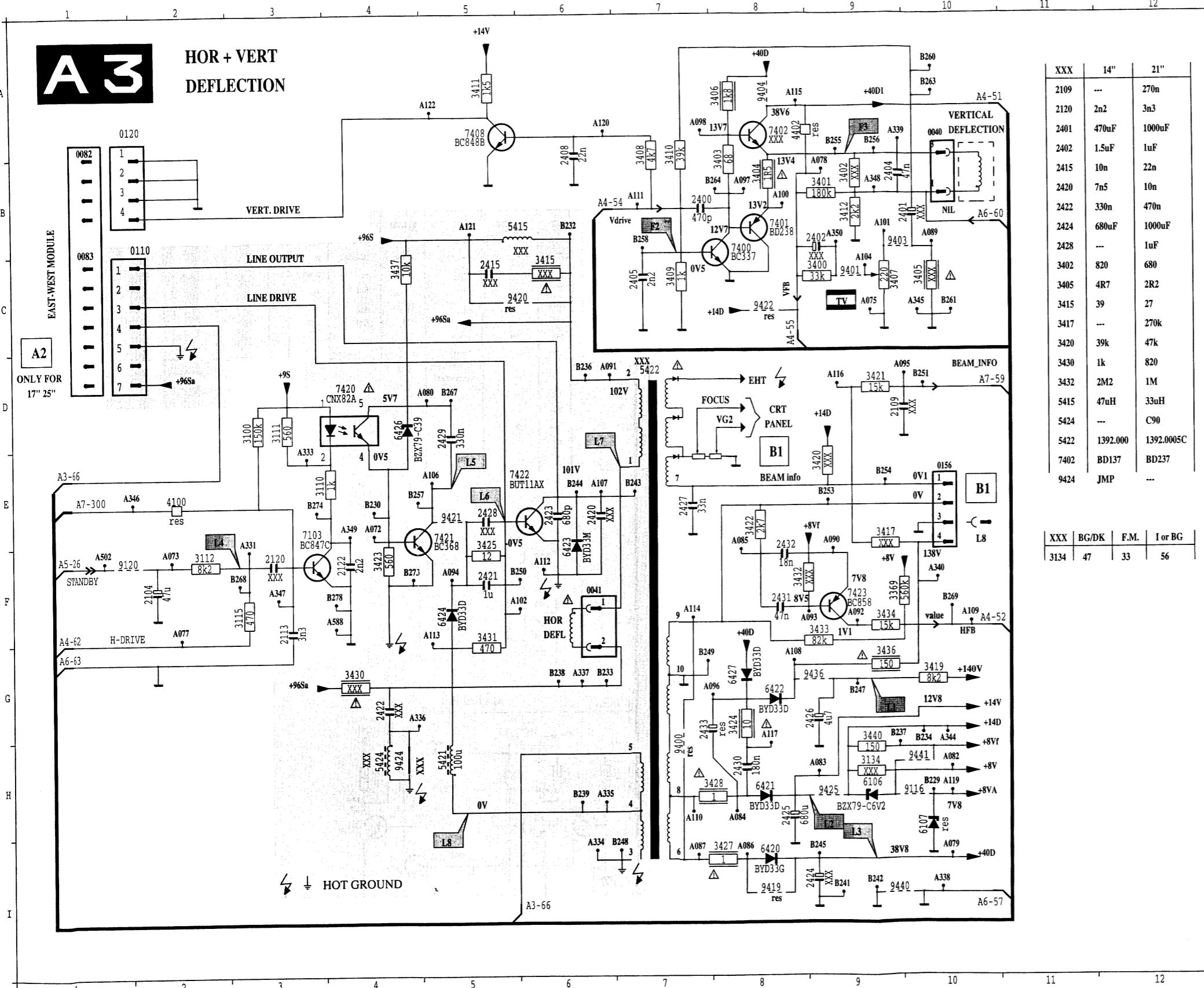




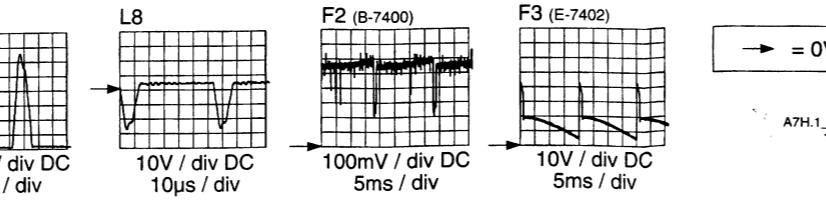
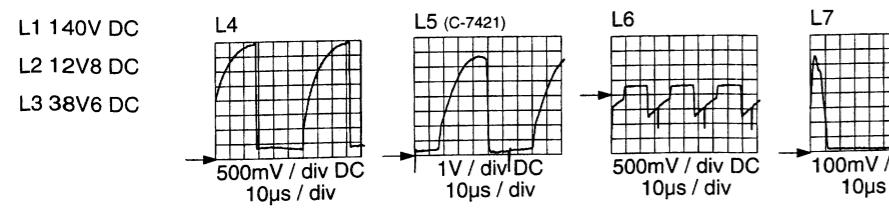
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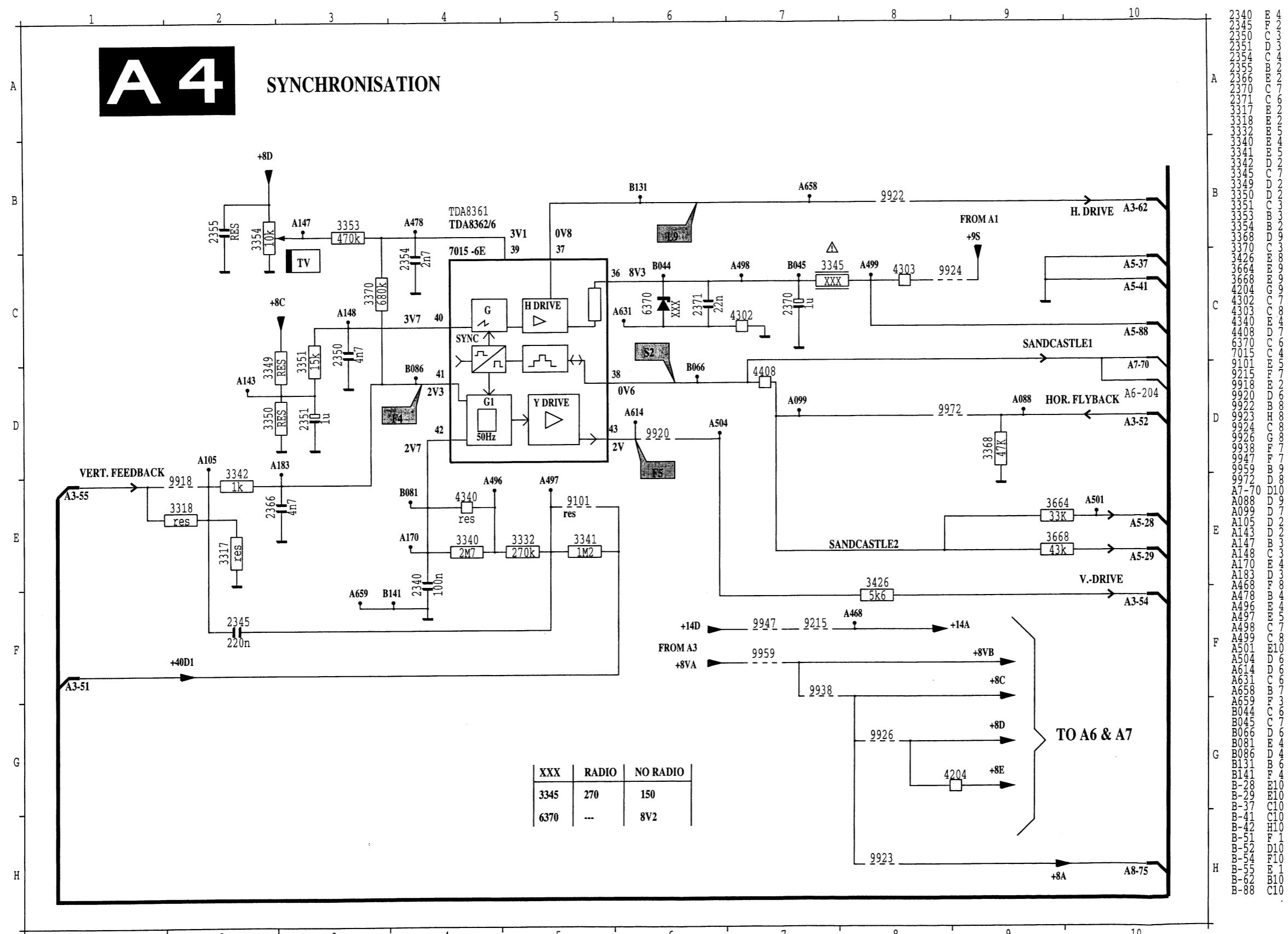
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Deflection / Ablenkung / Balayage



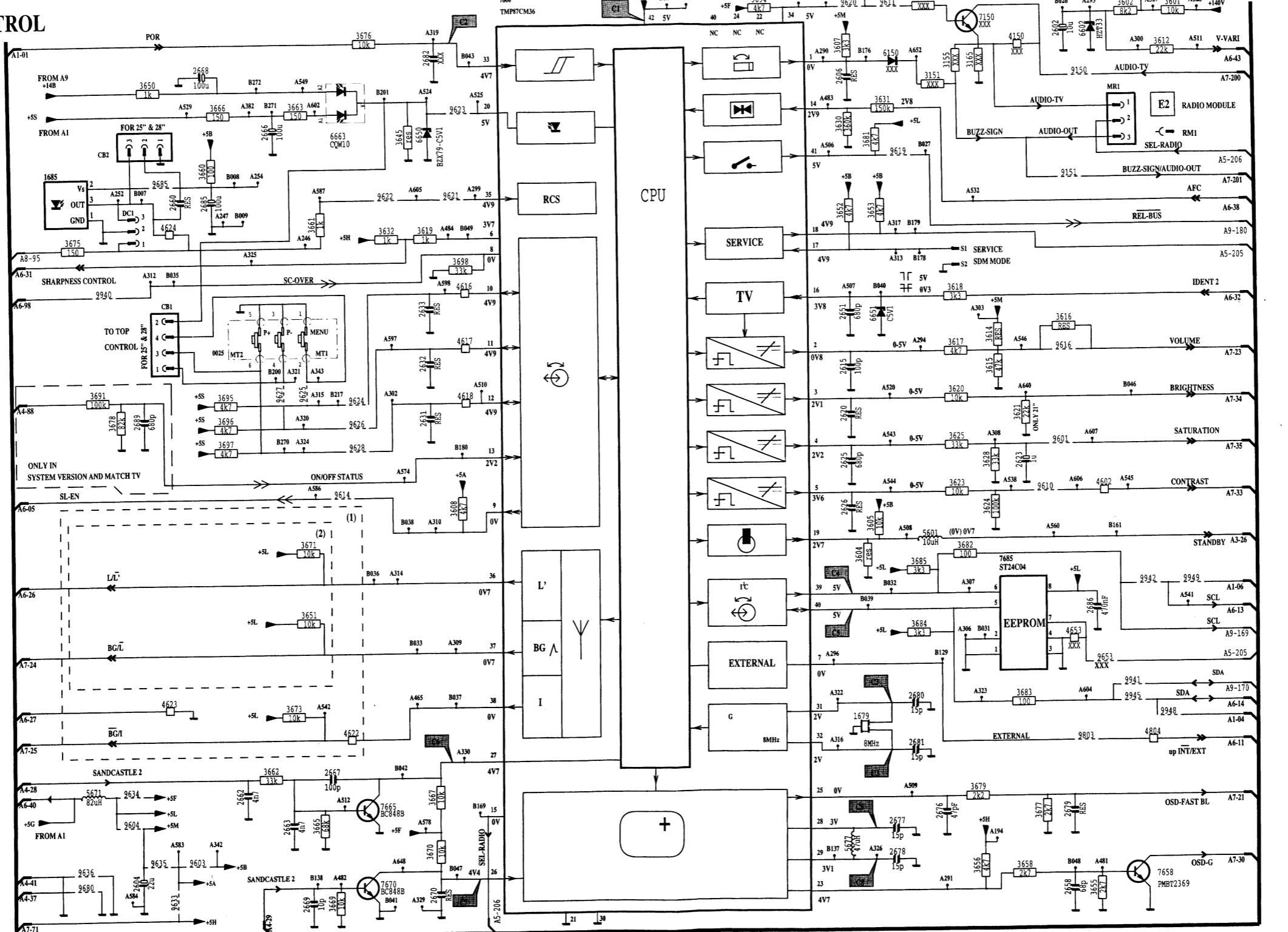
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	0041	F 6	7423	E 7	B2
	0110	H 11	9116	H 10	B2
	0110	D 12	9120	H 11	B2
	0110	C 2	9400	H 12	B2
	0110	C 2	9401	H 13	B2
	0110	C 2	9403	H 14	B2
	0110	C 2	9404	A 1	B2
	0120	A 12	9419	I 1	B2
	0120	B 12	9420	I 2	B2
	0120	B 12	9421	I 3	B2
	0120	B 12	9422	C 4	B2
	0120	B 12	9424	H 4	B2
	0156	E 10	9425	G 5	B2
	0156	E 10	9436	G 6	B2
	0156	E 10	9440	I 9	B2
	2104		9441	H 10	B2
B			A 3	6	E 1
	2109	D 9	A 3	6	E 1
	2113	F 3	A 4	5	F 10
	2120	F 3	A 4	5	F 10
	2122	F 4	A 4	5	B 6
	2400	F 7	A 4	5	C 8
	2401	B 10	A 4	6	D 1
	2402	B 9	A 5	26	I 10
	2404	B 9	A 6	57	I 10
	2405	C 7	A 6	60	B 10
	2408	A 7	A 6	63	G 1
	2415		A 7	300	E 1
	2420		A 7	59	D 10
C	2421	F 6	A 7	72	B 4
	2422	F 6	A 7	73	C 2
	2423	B 9	A 75	F 2	B 9
	2424	B 9	A 77	F 7	B 9
	2425	H 8	A 78	F 8	B 9
	2426	H 8	A 79	I 10	D 5
	2427	E 9	A 80	I 10	H 10
	2428	E 9	A 82	I 10	R 10
	2429	D 9	A 83	I 10	R 10
	2430	D 9	A 84	I 10	R 10
D	2431	F 8	A 85	I 10	R 10
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	2433	F 8	A 87	I 10	R 10
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	3110	G 3	A 90	I 10	B 10
	3111	G 3	A 91	I 10	B 10
	3115	F 9	A 92	I 10	B 10
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	3406	A 8	A 101	I 10	B 10
	3407	A 8	A 102	I 10	B 10
	3408	A 7	A 103	I 10	B 10
	3409	A 7	A 104	I 10	B 10
	3410	A 7	A 105	I 10	B 10
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	3412	A 5	A 107	I 10	B 10
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	3437	F 8	A 126	I 10	B 10
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I	6427	D 4	A 142	I 10	B 10
	7103	B 3	A 143	I 10	B 10
	7400	B 8	A 144	I 10	B 10
	7401	B 8	A 145	I 10	B 10
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	7408	A 5	A 147	I 10	B 10
	7420	D 3	A 148	I 10	B 10



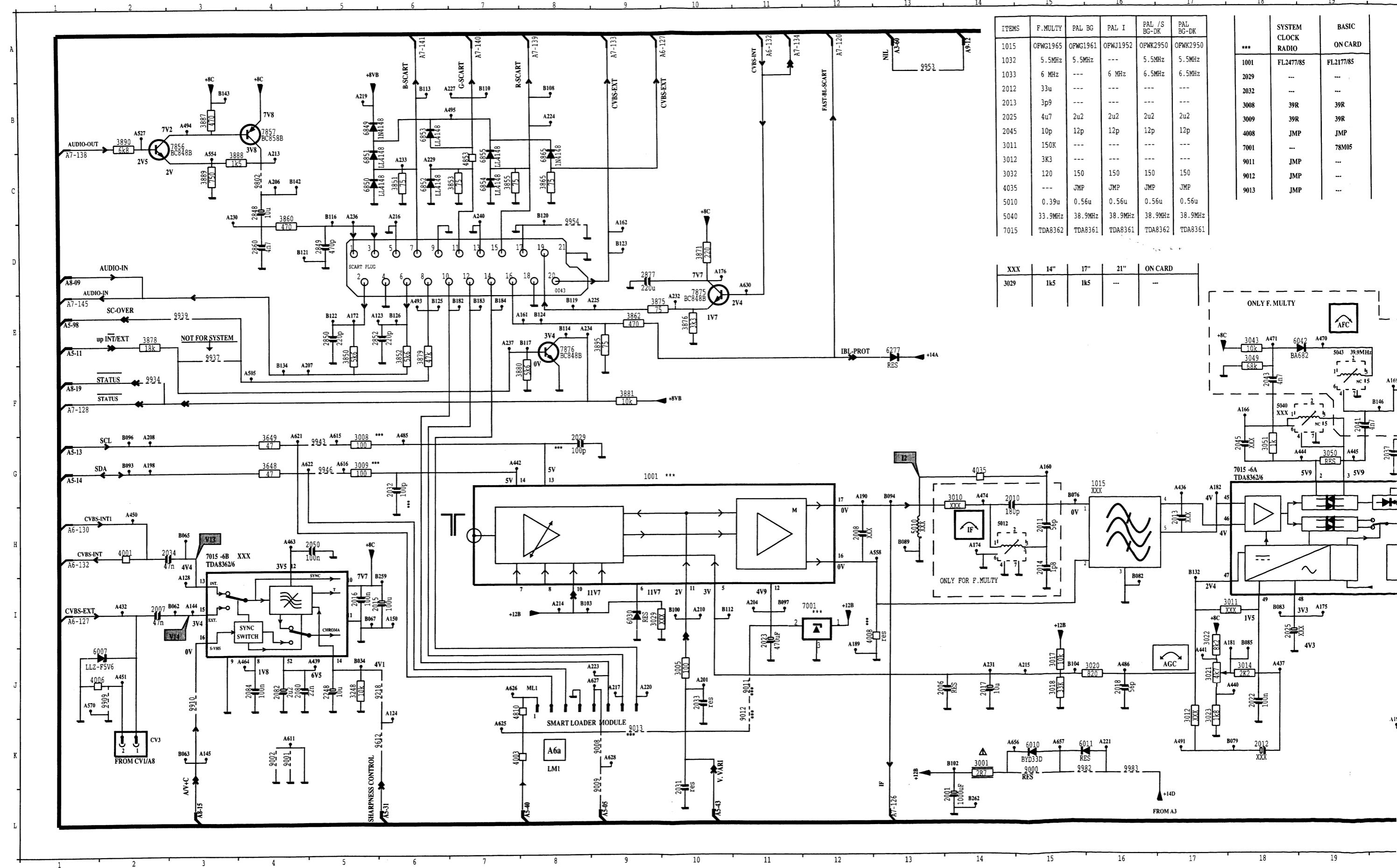


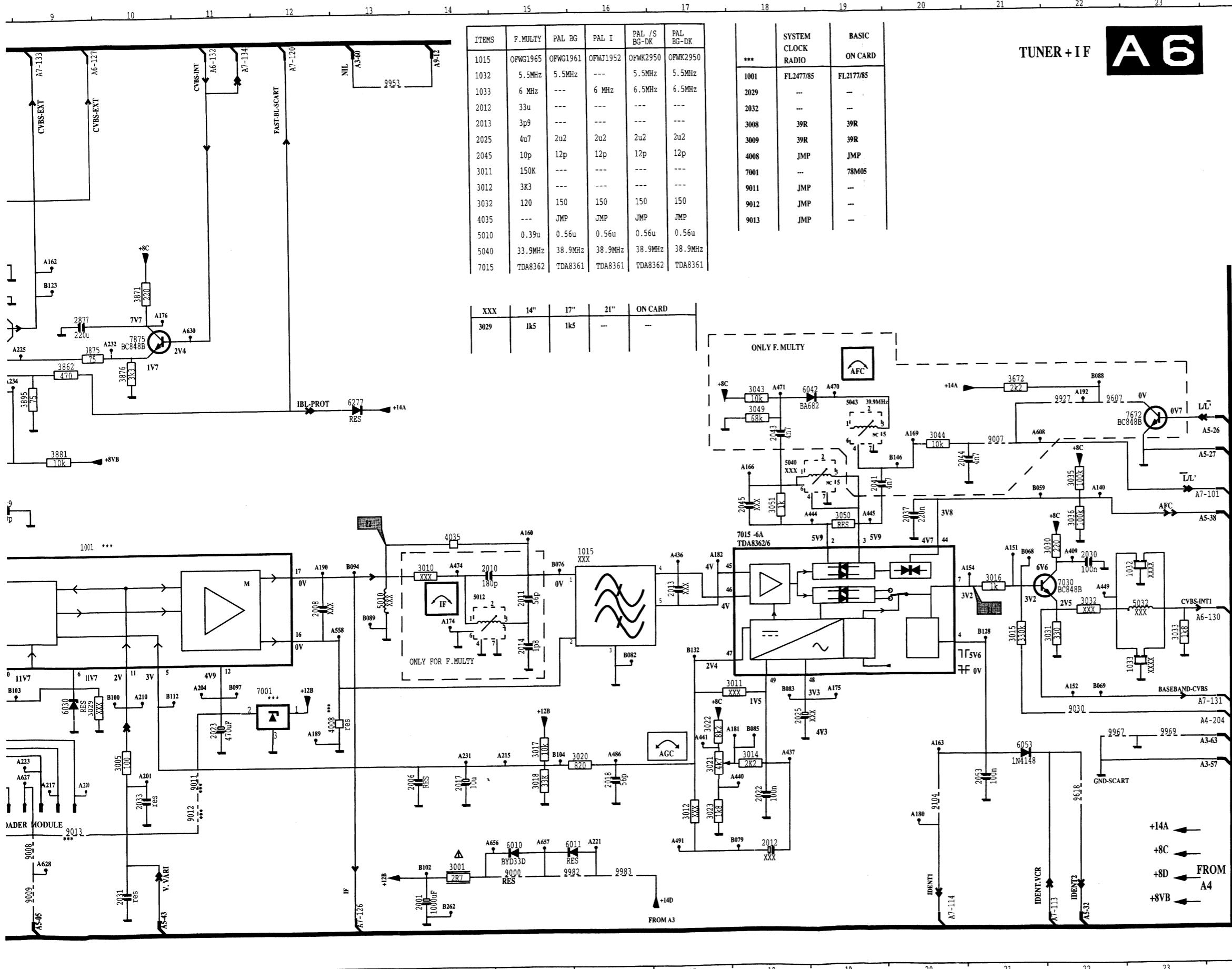
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CONTROL



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1679	J14	2612	A13
1885	J15	2613	C13
2004	A17	2614	B178
2604	L 5	2615	B179
2606	B14	2616	B179
2615	E14	2617	B179
2624	F14	2618	B179
2625	F14	2619	B179
2631	F 9	2620	B179
2632	B 8	2621	C13
2633	B 8	2622	C13
2634	E14	2623	C13
2658	C 6	2624	G19
2660	C 6	2625	H19
2661	B 7	2626	A19
2666	A 6	2627	C24
2669	L 7	2628	C24
2671	A 9	2629	C24
2672	A 9	2630	C24
2673	K 17	2631	C24
2680	J15	2632	C24
2681	J 7	2633	C24
2682	C 9	2634	G19
2683	E15	2635	H19
2685	F 5	2636	A19
2686	H17	2637	C24
2688	F 5	2638	C24
3119	A18	2639	C24
3120	A18	2640	C24
3121	A18	2641	C24
3122	A16	2642	C24
3123	A16	2643	C24
3124	A16	2644	C24
3125	A16	2645	C24
3126	A16	2646	C24
3127	A16	2647	C24
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3147	A16	2667	C24
3148	A16	2668	C24
3149	A16	2669	C24
3150	A16	2670	C24
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3152	A16	2672	C24
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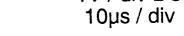
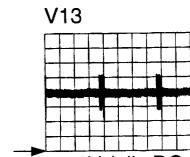
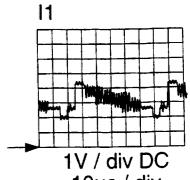




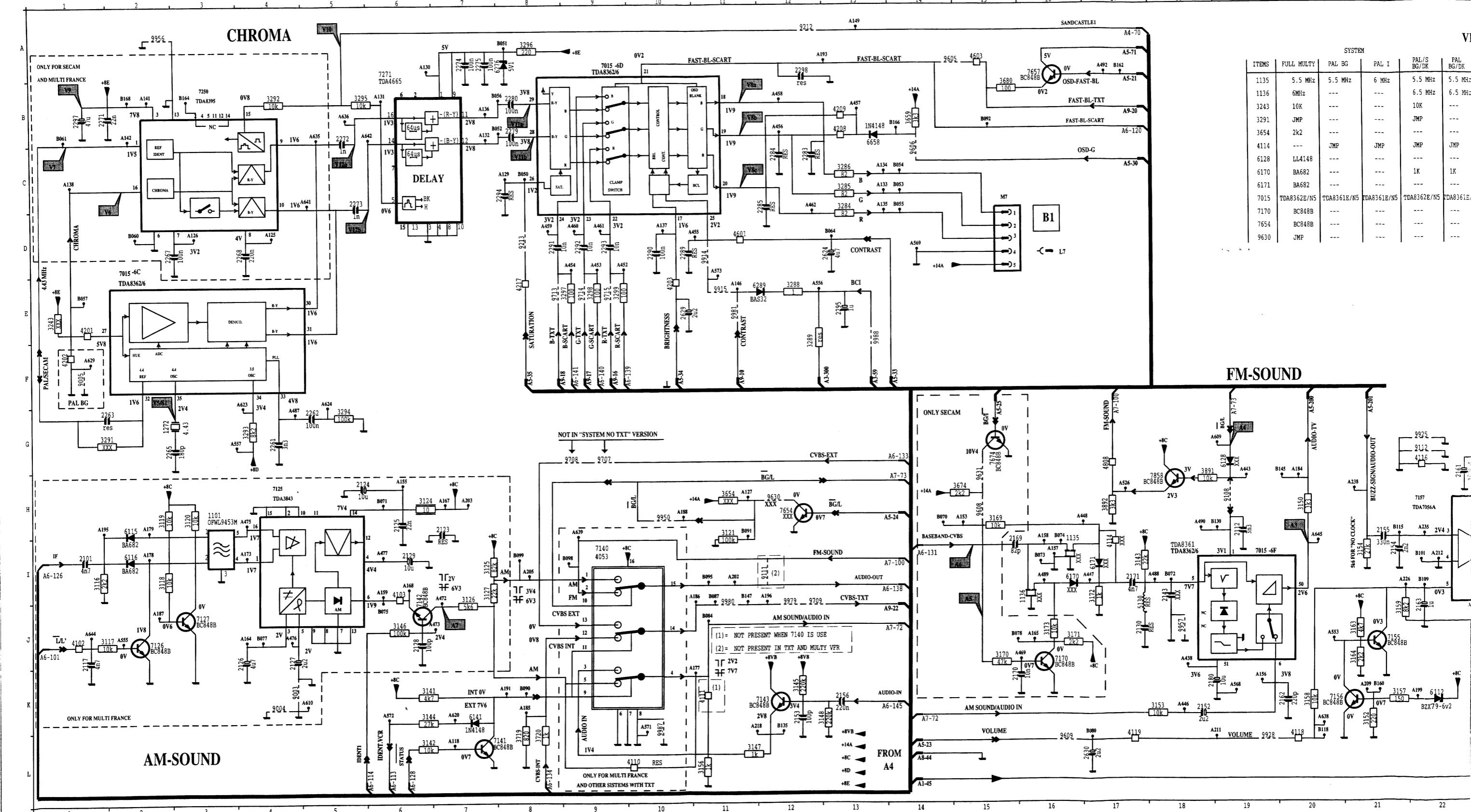
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1015	OPWG1965	OPWG1961	OPWJ1952	OPWK2950	OPWK2950	***	FL2477/85	FL2177/
1032	5.5MHz	5.5MHz	---	5.5MHz	5.5MHz	1001	FL2477/85	FL2177/
1033	6 MHz	---	6 MHz	6.5MHz	6.5MHz	2029	---	---
2012	33u	---	---	---	---	2032	---	---
2013	3p9	---	---	---	---	3008	39R	39R
2025	4u7	2u2	2u2	2u2	2u2	3009	39R	39R
2045	10p	12p	12p	12p	12p	4008	JMP	JMP
3011	150K	---	---	---	---	7001	---	78M0
3012	3K3	---	---	---	---	9011	JMP	---
3032	120	150	150	150	150	9012	JMP	---
4035	---	JMP	JMP	JMP	JMP	9013	JMP	---
5010	0.39u	0.56u	0.56u	0.56u	0.56u			
5040	33.9MHz	38.9MHz	38.9MHz	38.9MHz	38.9MHz			
5055	TPA8262	TPA8261	TPA8261	TPA8262	TPA8261			

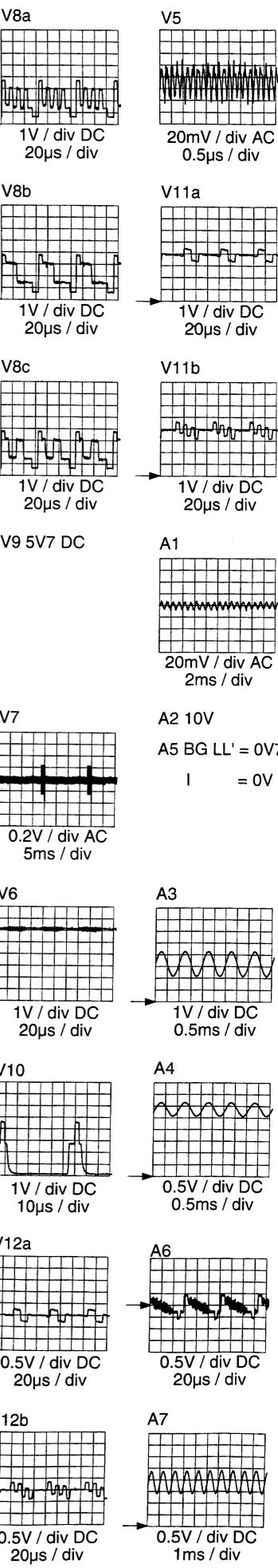
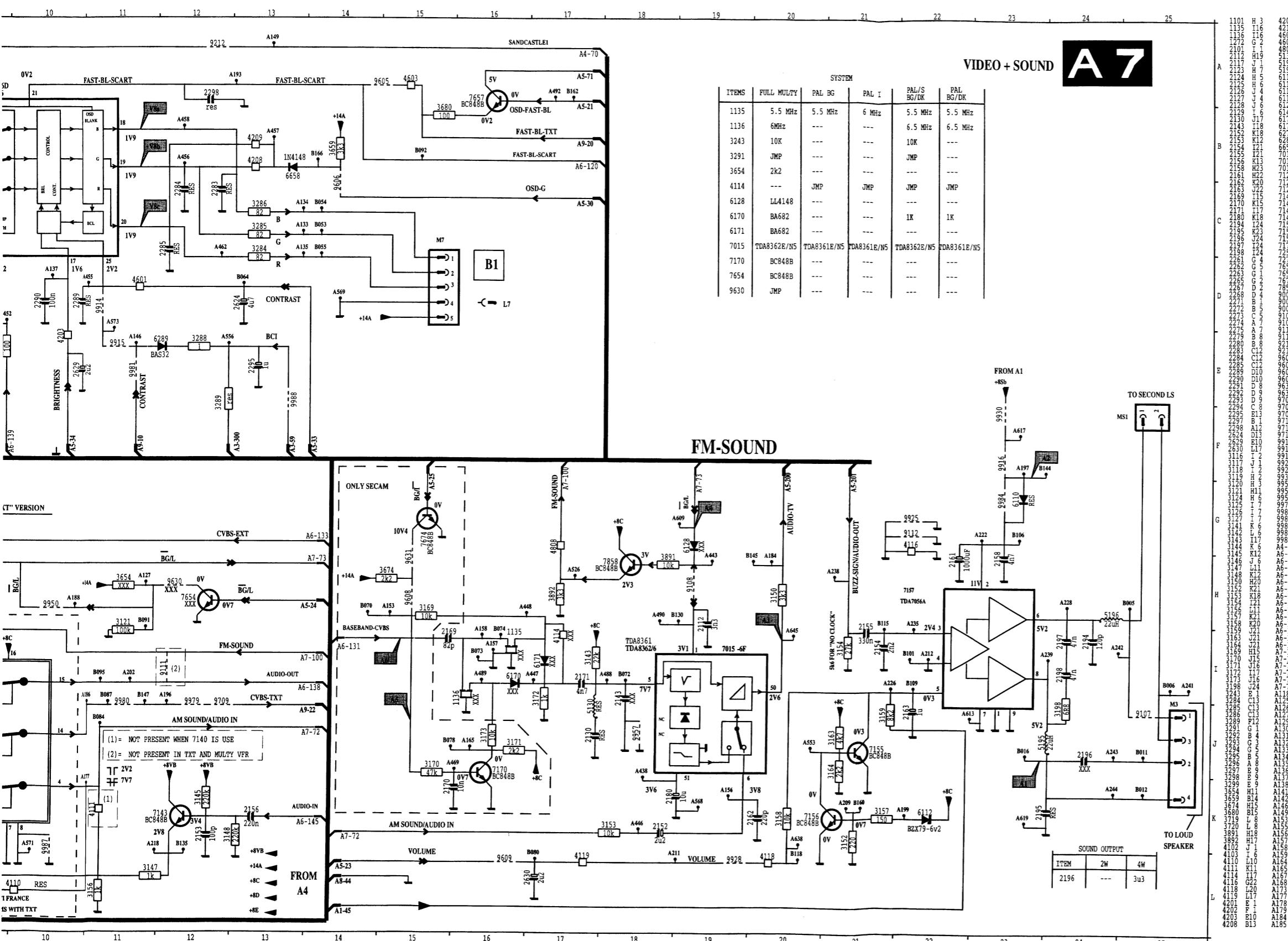
TUNER + I R

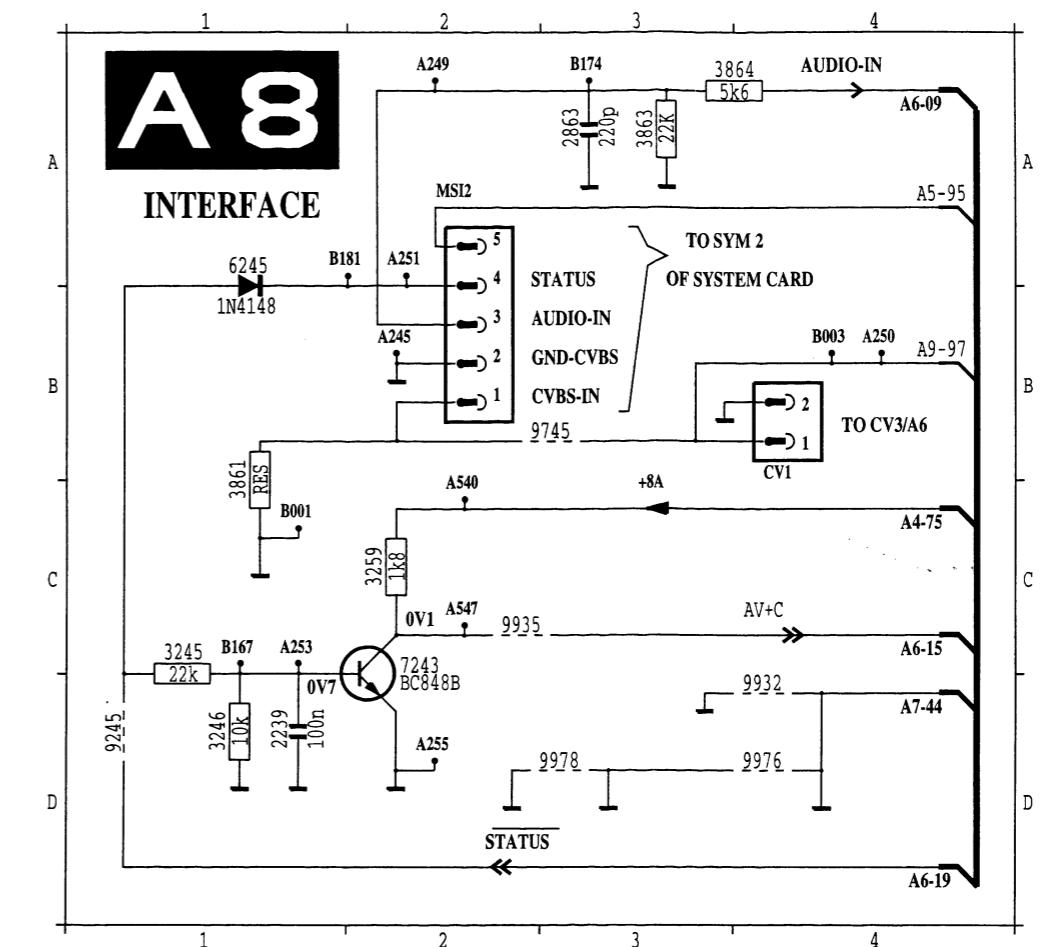
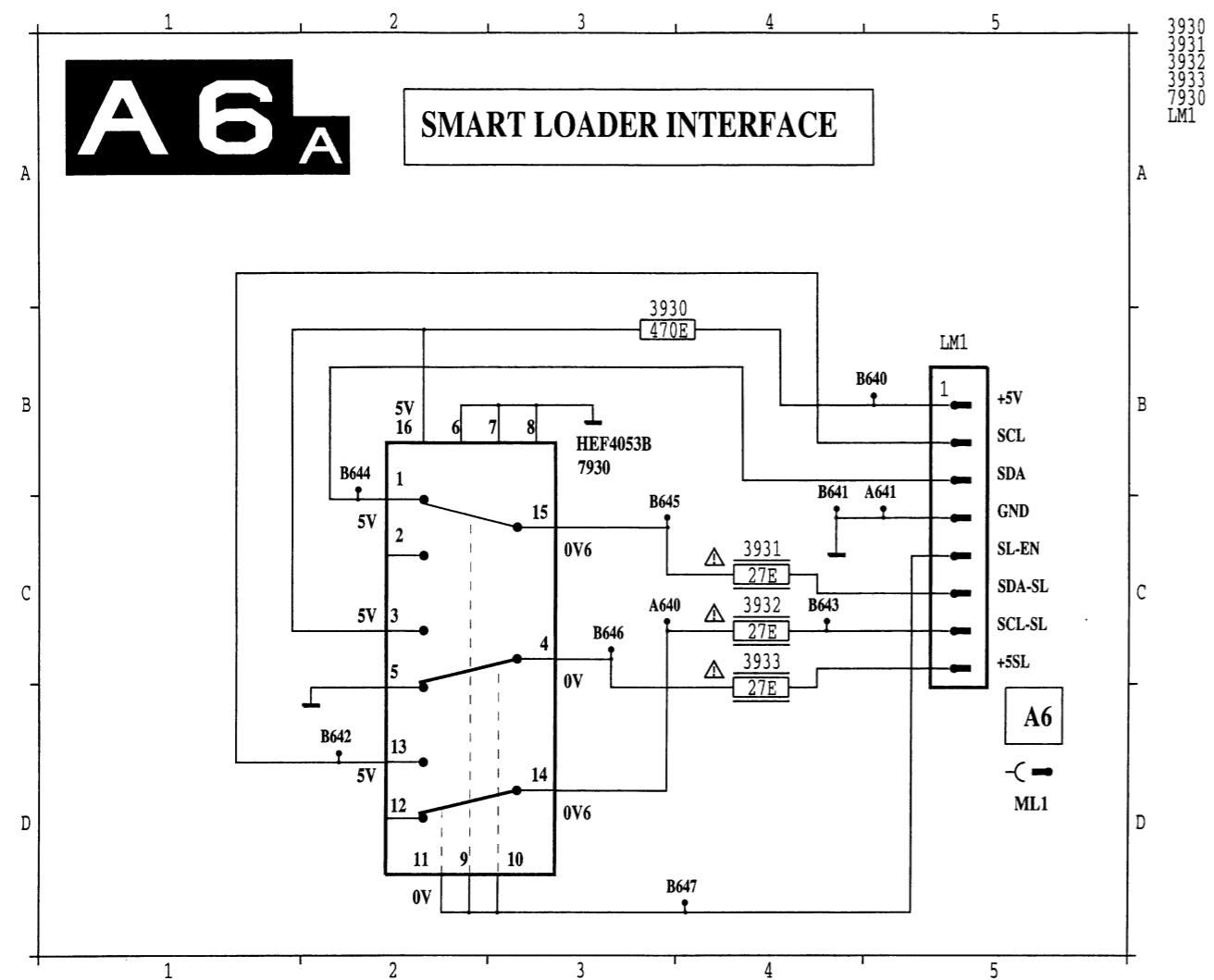
A6



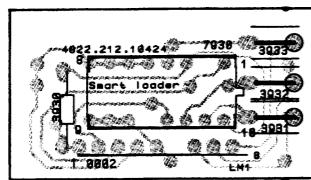
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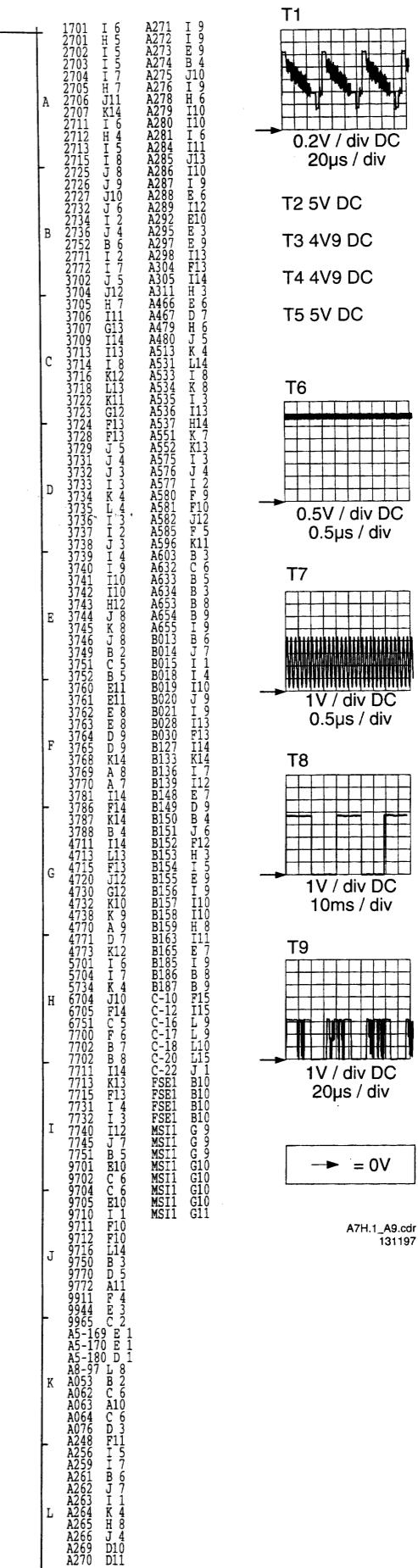
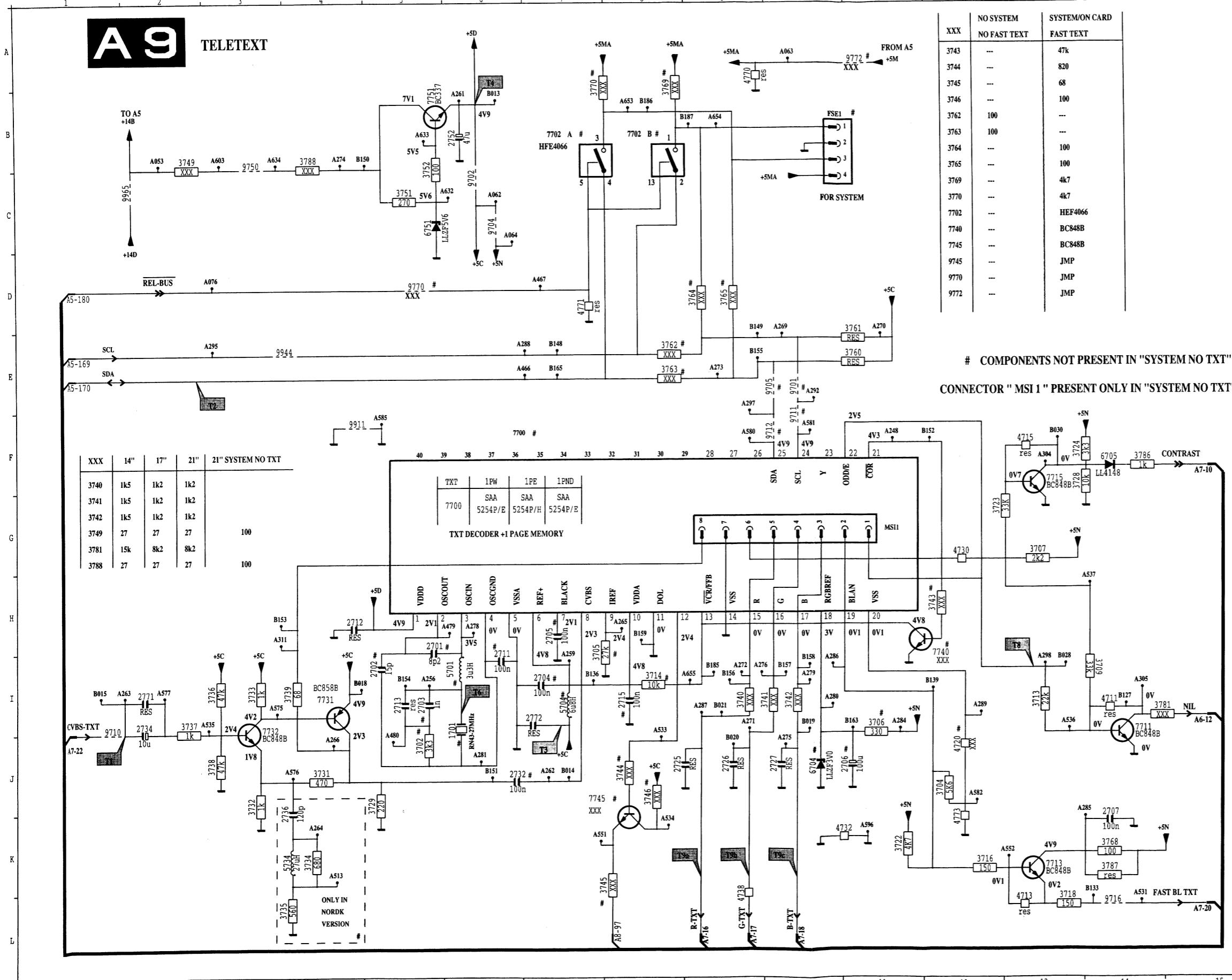




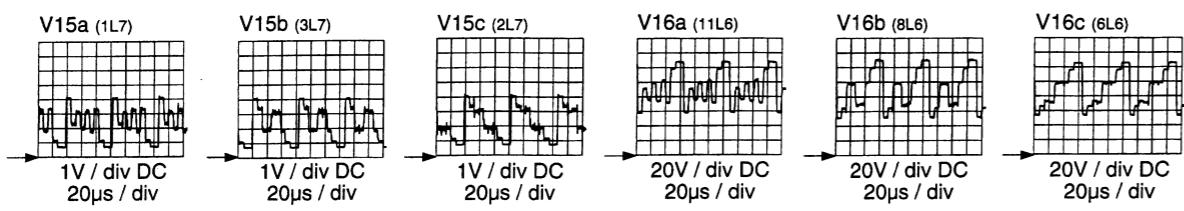
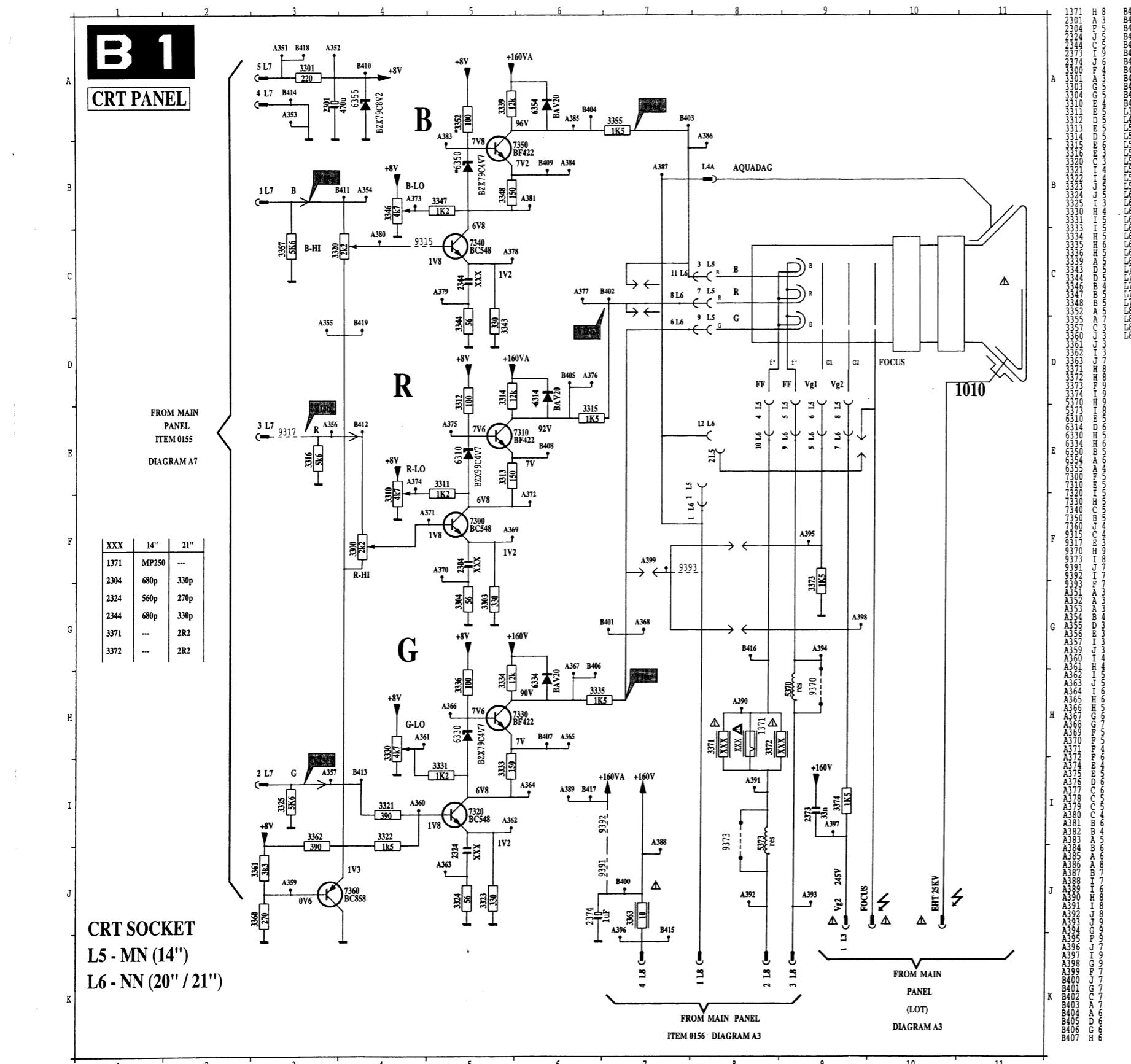


Smart loader



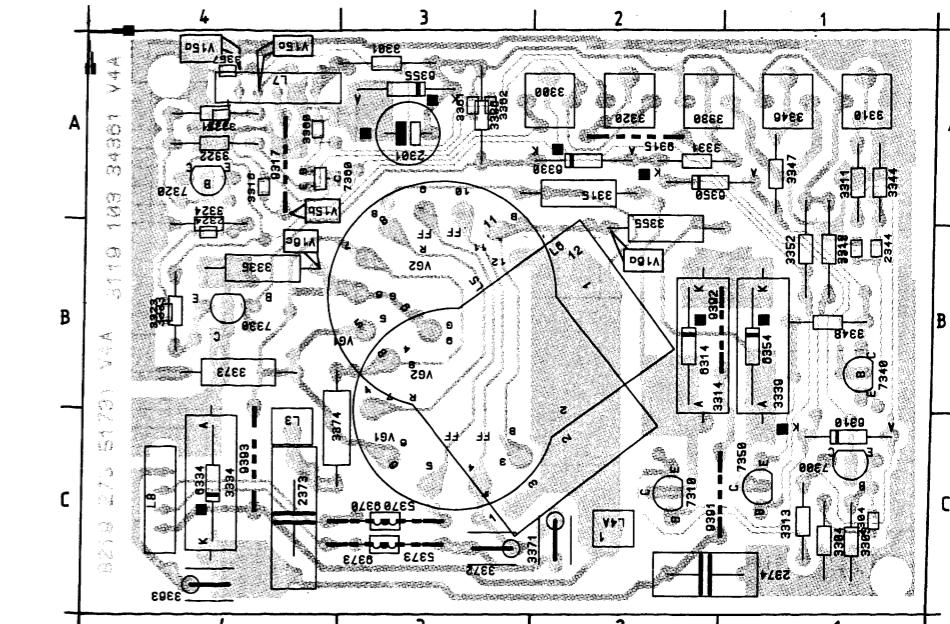
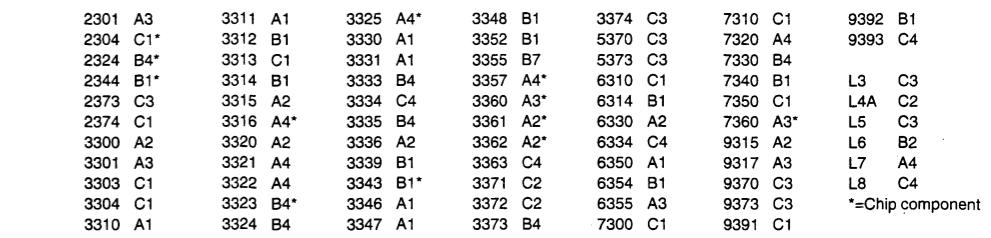


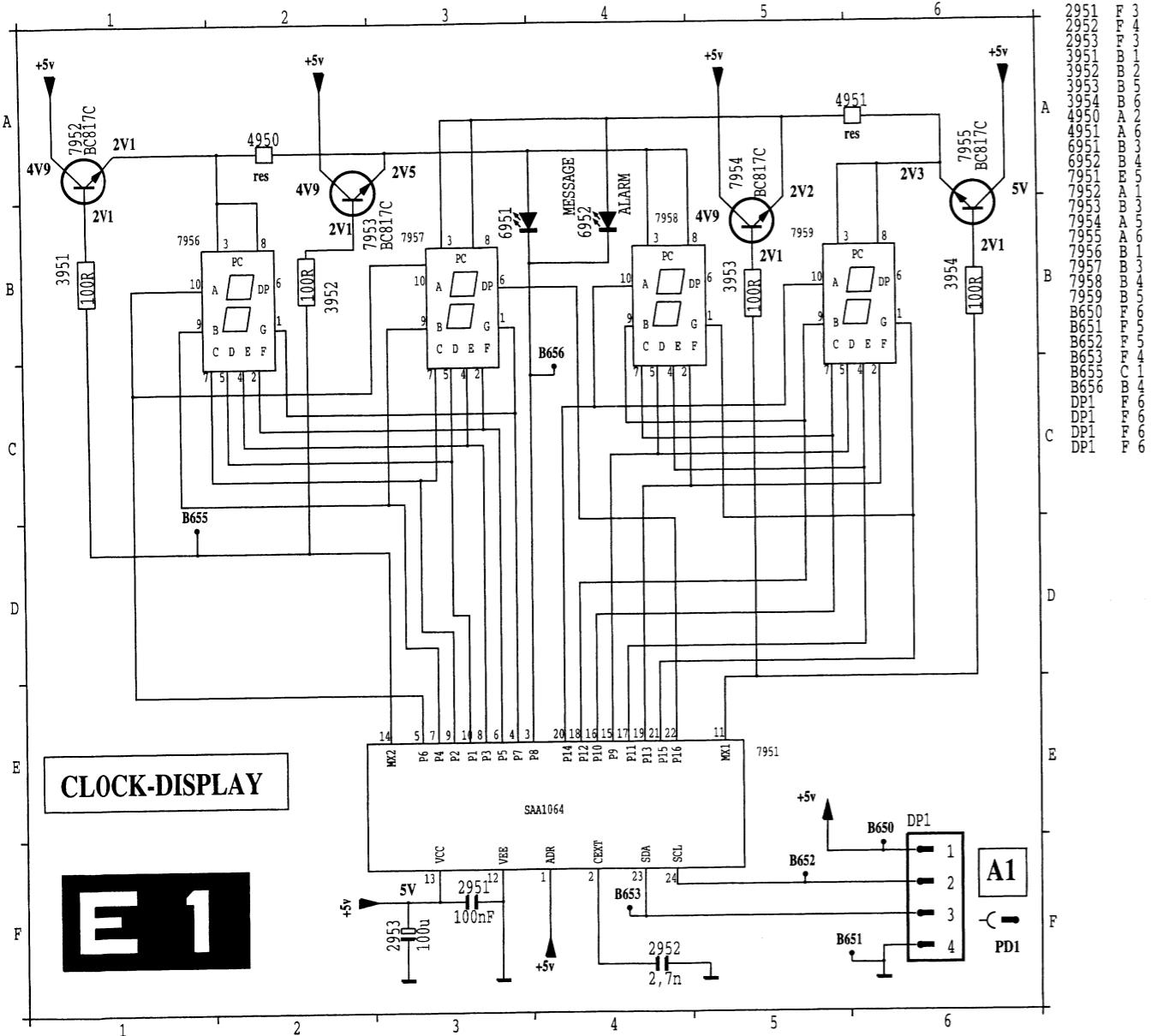
CRT / Bildröhren Platte / TRC



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8. Electrical adjustments

1. Adjustments on the main panel (Fig. 8.1)

1.1 Horizontal centring

Is adjusted with potentiometer **R3354**.

1.2 Picture height

Is adjusted with potentiometer **R3407**.

1.3 Focusing

Is adjusted with the focusing potentiometer in the line output transformer.

1.4 IF filter (only for sets with SECAM LL' reception possibility)

Connect a signal generator (e.g. PM5326) via a capacitor of 5p6 to pin 17 of the tuner and adjust the frequency for 40.4 MHz.

Connect an oscilloscope to pin 1 of filter 1015.

Switch on the set and select system Europe (BG/L is "low" for BGIDK reception).

Adjust **L5012** for a minimum amplitude.

1.5 AFC

a. For sets with SECAM LL' reception possibility:

Connect a signal generator (e.g. PM5326) as indicated in point 1.6. Connect a voltmeter to pin 44 of IC7015/6A. Adjust the frequency for 33.9 MHz and select system France (L/L' is "high" for L' reception). Adjust **L5040** for 3V5 (DC).

Next adjust the frequency for 38.9 MHz and select system Europe (L/L' is "low" for BGIDK reception). Adjust **L5043** for 3V5 (DC).

b. For sets without SECAM LL' reception possibility:

Connect a signal generator (e.g. PM5326) as indicated above and adjust the frequency for 38.9 MHz (for PAL I at 39.5 MHz). Connect a voltmeter to pin 44 of IC7015/6A. Adjust **L5040** for 3V5 (DC).

1.6 RF AGC

If the picture of a strong local transmitter is reproduced distorted, adjust potentiometer **R3021** until the picture is undistorted.

Or: Connect a pattern generator (e.g. PM5518) to the aerial input with RF signal amplitude = 1 mV.

Connect a multimeter (DC) at pin 5 of tuner.

Adjust **R3021** so that voltage at pin 5 of tuner is 7V5 ± 0V5 (DC).

2. Adjustments on the CRT panel (Fig. 8.1)

2.1 Vg2 cut-off points of picture tube

Apply a pattern generator (e.g. PM5518) and set it to a white raster pattern.

Adjust contrast and Vg2 at minimum (Vg2 with potentiometer in line output transformer to the left).

Adjust brightness until the DC voltage across potentiometer 3320 is 0V.

Adjust **R3346** (B), **R3330** (G) and **R3310** (R) for a level of 115V on the collectors of transistors 7350, 7310 and 7330.

Adjust **Vg2** potentiometer until the gun that first emits light is just no longer visible. Adjust the two other guns with the respective controls (3346, 3330 or 3310 or for until just no light will be visible.

2.2 Grey scale (white D)

Apply a test pattern signal and adjust the set for normal operation. Allow the set to warm up for about 10 minutes.

Adjust **R3300** and **R3320** (R3263 and R3273 for 20") until the desired grey scale has been obtained.

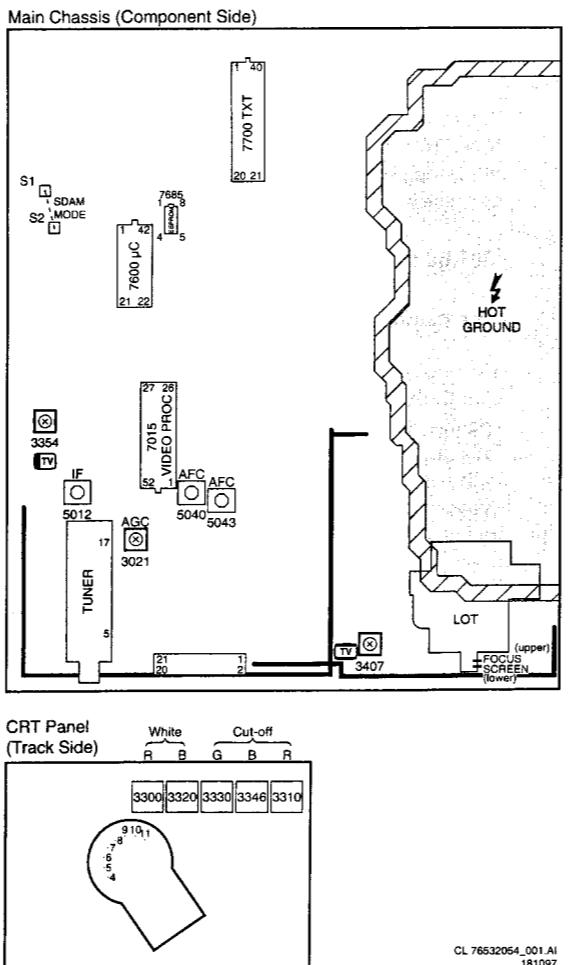


Fig. 8.1

9. Circuit description

For the description of the audio and video processing circuits see the description in the AA5 AA manual.

For the description of the clock panel (Diagram E1), the radio module (Diagram E2) the TXT part (Diagram A9) and the smart loader panel (Diagram A6a), see AA5H.1 AA Chassis manual.

1. Description of the power supply and the deflection part

In the A7H.1 AA chassis all power circuits are mounted on the main carrier panel.

The power supply can be divided in 2 parts:

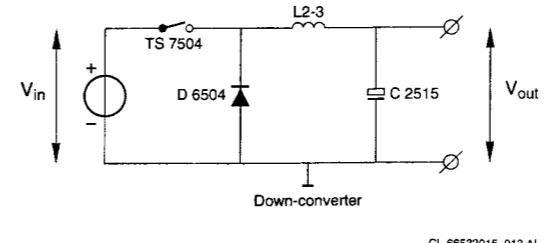
- External power supply (not switched off by power switch).
- Main power supply (switched off by power switch).
- External power supply (with transformer item 5502). This power supply is equal to the switched mode power supply as already introduced in the AA5H.1 chassis. Supply functions of the "Extra power supply" in AA5H.1 chassis are in A7H.1 taken over by the External power supply.
- Main power supply (with transformer item 5500) and deflection.

This power supply and deflection are the same ones as used in L6.1 and L6.2 chassis.

Warning: For this power supply is valid that the +96V supply for the line output stage is not mains isolated. And therefore the line output stage and horizontal deflection coil connections on the CRT are also not mains isolated.

Remark: With this supply single isolated picture tubes can be used.

For a description of the main power supply and belonging deflection circuit see below.



1.1 Principle of the down-converter (Fig 9.1)

The main power-supply is a self-oscillating down converter with an auxiliary winding to help the FET to switch.

When switch TS7504 is closed, the voltage on L2-3 is V_{in} - V_{out} . During this time, energy is stored in the coil and energy is delivered to the load. When switch TS7504 opens, the energy stored in the coil will be stored in the output capacitor (C2515). This is due to the fact that the current through the coil has to decrease linear. When the switch is open the current is floating through D6504, L2-3 and C2515. By controlling the duty-cycle of the switch, the output voltage can be regulated.

1.2 Start-up (see diagram A1)

When the switch TS7504 is closed, the input voltage is placed over winding 2-3 of transformer 5500, which acts as coil L2-3 in Fig 8.1. Via resistors R3513, R3518 and R3512 the switch is turned on for the first time. Zener diode D6502 prevents that the Ugs of the FET becomes higher than 15V. When the input voltage is on winding 1-2, via winding 1-2 the correct switching voltage is obtained. The DC-part of this voltage is blocked by capacitor C2503.

Diode D6510 acts as a protection in start-up and in short-circuit situations. During start-up the output capacitor C2515 is empty. It takes a relative long time to charge the gate to a voltage high enough to switch on the FET. This is due to the fact the diode D6510 is conducting. When this diode is conducting, the current that would normally flow into the gate of the fet to switch on the FET, is now flowing into C2515. In this way a smooth start-up is guaranteed.

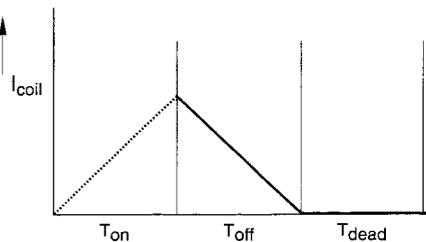


Fig. 9.2

1.3 General way of working (Fig 9.2)

The state of the power-supply can be divided into three areas (see Fig. 9.2):

- **T-on:** In this state the FET is conducting and energy is stored in the coil and in the output capacitor.
- **T-off:** In this state the fet is non conducting and the energy stored in the coil is fed to the output capacitor.
- **Tdead:** Fet is out of conduction and there is no energy in the coil.

CL 66532015_014.AI
260296

CL 66532015_013.AI
150296

Circuit description

T-on; In the T-on state, switch TS7504 is switched on. When the switch is on the voltage over resistors R3514-R3515 is a direct measure for the current through winding 2-3. This is a negative voltage. When this voltage becomes below a certain level, TS7501 starts conducting and will switch off the fet. In this way it is prevented that the coil can go into saturation. This could be the case when the output voltage is very low. (long on time of the FET). When the output-voltage becomes too high during T-on the FET will be switched off. (see Output-voltage regulation)

T-off; Due to the stored energy a current will start to flow through D6504, C2515 and winding 2-3. Due to the fact that the current is flowing through this circuit, a voltage with reverse polarity is on winding 1-2. In this way the fet remains off until the current through winding 2-3 reaches zero. Now a new cycle will start. The fet will be switched on and all starts over again.

T-dead; If the output voltage is too high (for example in a low load situation) the FET remains off till the output-voltage is not to high anymore.

1.4 Output voltage regulation

This is done by the circuit D6501, R3509, TS7502, R3505, R3507, R3510. Transistor TS7502 can only conduct when the voltage on the base is 0V7 lower than the voltage the voltage on the emitter. This means that the voltage drop over resistors R3505 and R3507 should be 5V6 (zenerdiode) + 0V7(base-emitter). This is reached when the output voltage exceeds the 100V. Now transistor TS7502 starts conducting, which brings transistor TS7501 in conduction. As a consequence the gate voltage of the fet becomes very low and the fet stops conducting. As long as the output voltage is too high the fet stays out of conduction.

2. Protections

2.1 Overvoltage protection

A disadvantage of a down converter is that if the switch becomes a short-circuit, the output voltage will increase to the input voltage. This could damage circuits. In this power-supply there is a protection to prevent this. If the output voltage becomes higher than 130V, zener diode D6514 starts to conduct. The Vin will be short circuited. This will blown the main fuse 1501 and protect in this way all the other circuits.

2.2 Short-circuit and start-up protection

The short-circuit protection works the same as the start-up protection. If the output-voltage is very low in case of a start-up or a short-circuit condition, The gate will be charged very slowly due to the fact that zenerdiode D6510 is conducting. So the current is not only charging the gate but is also flowing into the output capacitor. In this way it takes a few milliseconds to switch on the fet. Diode D6510 takes also care that the fet never remains in his power consuming (linear) area. If the output voltage is very low, it also takes a large time before the current through winding 2-3 reaches zero. The power supplied to the circuit is in this way very low and protects in this way the circuit.

2.3 Other output voltages

The output voltages +8Sb, +14V, +9S and +5S and +5G are made by winding 5-6. During the time that the FET TS7504 is not conducting, energy is transformed to this winding (flyback principle) and the voltages mentioned above are created. From the +9S, the +5S voltage is derived. This voltage is stabilized by transistors TS7505, TS7500 and zenerdiode D6500. D6500 is the reference voltage and TS7505 is delivering the current. When zenerdiode D6500 starts conducting, the voltage over resistor R3502 becomes high and a POR signal is created.

3. Degaussing

R3516 is a dual PTC (2 PTC's in one housing). After switching "on" the set, the PTC is cold, so low ohmic. This makes the degaussing current high. After degaussing the PTC is heated, so high ohmic. This makes the degaussing current low. After degaussing the PTC remains heated by the mains.

4. Line-circuit (Diagram A3)

The primary side of the line-circuit and the deflection coil are connected to the hot earth. The driver-circuit contains an opto-coupler to create isolation between the low-signal parts and the mains. The optocoupler is driven by pin 37 of IC7015-6E via transistor TS7103.

When TS7103 is not conducting, (the LED of the opto-coupler is also out of conduction) TS7421 is also not conducting. In this way TS7422 will conduct and the 96V is placed over winding 2-1 of the LOT. A voltage over winding 2-1 of the LOT will cause a voltage over the windings 8-10, 6-10 and 9-10. Now energy will be transformed from the primary to the secondary-side and charge capacitors C2424 and C2425.

Circuit description

C2430 will be charged to the difference of the +40D and +14D (=26V) when TS7422 is conducting. When TS7422 stops conducting, the voltage of pin 8 of the LOT will become very negative. This forces C2430 to be charged to 26V plus the absolute value of pin 8. When TS7422 starts conducting again the voltage of pin 8 of the LOT will increase and so the voltage on the anode of D6422. In this way the 160V is created. This means that during the off-time of TS7422, C2430 is charged and during the on-time of TS7422, the energy in C2430 is given to C2426.

When transistor TS7103 conducts, the LED of the opto-coupler will be activated. This causes the transistor of the opto-coupler to conduct, which drives TS7421 in conduction. This brings TS7422 out of conduction. Due to this construction, this circuit is protected against missing line-drive pulses. When a line-drive pulse is missed, the line-transistor stays out of conduction, due to the fact that the diode of the opto-coupler is forced into conduction by TS7103. In this way nothing can be damaged when there is no line-drive. Winding 4-3 is an extra winding to help TS7422 to switch.

On the secondary-side of the LOT there is a circuit consisting of TS7423, R3422, R3433, R3434, C2431 and C2432. This circuit creates a pulse when TS7422 switches off. This pulse indicates that horizontal flyback takes place. This information is fed to IC7015-6E to blank the picture.

4.1 Stand-by

The standby signal from the mC is low in case of stand-by. Now TS7103 is brought into conduction by R3112. As mentioned before this will switch off the line-output stage completely.

5. Deflection

5.1 Horizontal deflection

The voltage over capacitor C2422 is the same as the voltage over C2515 (96V, see Diagram A1). When TS7422 is conducting this voltage is placed over the horizontal deflection coil. This causes a linear increasing current through this coil. In this way deflection is created. When TS7422 switches off flyback takes place and it starts all over again. L5424 is used for linearity correction.

5.2 Vertical deflection

Vertical deflection is based on a balance amplifier. Or TS7401 or TS7402 is conducting. This depends on the signal V-drive. If V-drive is high TS7401 conducts and the voltage of C2401 is placed over the deflection coil. Now the picture is written. When V-drive is low, TS7402 conducts and the +40V supply voltage minus the voltage over C2401 is placed over the deflection coil. Flyback takes now place. In this way deflection is generated.

R3407 is used to adjust the vertical shift. With this resistor the level of the signal VFB is adjusted. R3402 and C2404 are used to damp oscillation of the deflection coil with his parasitic capacitance. The signal NIL from the mC is used to create a non-interlaced mode. This is done by creating a small DC current through the deflection coil.

PHILIPS Hotel TV

This product has been especially designed by Philips for institutional applications. These instruction for use are a quick reference for installers. A complete instruction for use is also available. For more information ask the nearest Philips branch office.

TV INSTALLATION

The installation requires the remote control RC 8611.

Place the TV on a solid base.

Leave at least 5 cm around each side of the TV for ventilation.

To prevent any faults and unsafe situations, do not place any objects on top of the sets.

The TV can only operate at a mains voltage of 220/240 V~, 50 Hz.

- Select the last TV channel available by pressing TV — or +.
- Press the □/P button on the local keyboard than press the □— button on the remote control for more than 4 seconds.
- ▷ Installation menu appears.
- Use the cursor up and down to navigate into the menu lines. Use the cursor left and right to select the menu options. Use the digit button to insert numbers.

MENU

• Language.

To select the menu and the On Screen Display language: [ENGLISH - FRANCAIS - DEUTSCH].

• Configuration.

Attention : The configuration of the TV is set by Philips, changing the configuration may change the availability of the menu options and the featuring of the TV.

TV system: To choose the TV system [SINGLE - UHF - MULTI F].

Teletext: To enable the teletext [YES - NO].

Clock: To enable the clock [YES - NO].

Radio: To select the radio type [INT (internal) - EXT (external) - NONE].

Interface system: To enable the interface of the system [YES - NO].

• Number of programs

TV: To assign the max. number of TV programs [1-99].

INFO: To assign the max. number of info programs [1-99].

RADIO: To assign the max. number of radio programs [1-99].

Note: Radio available only if Configuration-Radio set to INT or EXT.

PAY TV: To assign the max. number of PAY TV programs [1-99].

Note: PAY TV available only if Configuration-Interface system set to YES.

The total max. number of programs available is 120.

• TV installation

System: To select the TV system: [EUROPE, FRANCE, UK].

Note: System appears only if "MULTI F" is selected in the Configuration menu.

Search: To search for the video channels or to input the frequency digit.

Fine tune: To adjust the tuning when a video channel is not well tuned.

Programme: To assign a video channel to a TV or INFO or PAY TV program.

More: More program options

- **Protection:** To set the program protection [YES - NO].

- **Picture Mute:** To blank the picture of a video program [YES - NO].

- **Sound Mute:** To mute the sound of a video program [YES - NO].

Store: To store the selections.

• Radio install

Note: Available only if configuration radio set to INT or EXT.

Search: To search for the radio channels or to input the frequency digits.

Programme: To assign a radio channel to a radio program.

Protection: To set the program protection [YES - NO].

Store: To store the selections.

• Parameter setting

Initial setting

Switch on channel: To select the switch on program [TV - INFO].

Switch on volume: To set the switch on volume [00 - 63].

Display standby: To set the light intensity of the led display in standby mode [1-5].

Display on: To set the light intensity of the led display in TV on mode [1-5].

Welcome message: To display the welcome message [YES - NO].

To insert the message use the cursor up and down to select the character and the cursor left and right to navigate.

Picture setting

To set picture settings (low-normal-high) that can be recalled with the PICTURE button on the RC.

Block function

Hotel mode: To enable maximum volume, block local, free protected options [YES - NO].

Maximum volume: To set the max. volume limitation [00 - 63].

Block local: To lock the local controls of the TV.

Free protected: To free at once all the protected programs.

Time setting: To set the time of the clock.

Time downloading: To link the time of the clock to the teletext of the selected program (TV-INFO-PAY TV).

Tips

• To quickly install the TV

Philips has designed also other tools for quick installation, like the SMART-LOADER or the ACI. For more information ask the nearest Philips branch office.

• To clean the TV

Clean the TV using a slightly damp chamois leather.

Never use aggressive cleaning agents.

• Problems with no solution:

Switch your TV off and on again with the **①** button.

Never attempt to repair a defective TV set yourself.

Switch off the TV and call your dealer or TV-technician when nothing helps or when:

- A white horizontal stripe appears across the whole screen.

- The red lamp below the screen starts blinking when no buttons are pressed on the remote control.

Environmental information

Your TV contains material which can be recycled and reused. At end of life specialized companies can dismantle the discarded TV to concentrate the reusable materials and to minimize the amount of materials to be disposed off.

Please find out about local regulations on disposal of your old TV set.

Televisions consume energy in the stand-by mode. Energy consumption contributes to air and water pollution. We advise you to switch off your TV overnight instead of leaving it on stand-by. You save energy and the picture tube is demagnetised which maintains good picture quality.

11. List of abbreviations

AV+C	AV switch signal (0V antenna, 4V SVHS, 8V scart)
AFC	Automatic Frequency Control
AGC	Automatic Gain Control
AM/SOUND/	AM modulated sound signal or audio extern in
AUDIO IN	
AQUADAG	Conducting layer on rear side surface of CRT
AUDIO-IN	Extern Audio in via scart socket
AUDIO-OUT	Audio out via scart socket
B	Blue signal
B.SCART	Blue signal (via scart)
BASEBAND-	Output signal of video detector
CVBS	
BEAM-INFO	Beam current information
BG/1	Switch signal for PAL BG and PAL I
BG/L	Switch signal for PAL BG and SECAM L
BG/L'	Switch signal for PAL BG and SECAM L "
BRIGHTNESS	Brightness control
B-TXT	Blue signal via teletext
C	Chrominance signal
CONTRAST	Contrast control
CVBS-EXT	External CVBS - signal (via scart)
CVBS-INT	Internal CVBS-signal (input via scart)
CVBS-INT1	Internal CVBS-signal (via tuner)
CVBS-TXT	CVBS-signal for teletext
EHT	Extra high tension for CRT (25KV)
FAST BL.TXT	Fast blanking via teletext
FAST.BL.SCART	Fast blanking via scart
ff	filament voltage for the crt
FOCUS	Focus voltage for the CRT
G	Green signal
G.SCART	Green signal via scart
G-TXT	Green signal via teletext
H-DRIVE	Horizontal drive control
HFB	Horizontal feedback
IDENT.VCR	Status signal "high in the external mode. This signal blocks the IDENT of IC7015-6A temporarily, so the TV is not switched off after 15min..
IDENT1	IDENT-signal derived from IC7015-6A, that is used for suppressing of the AM-sound signal if no CVBS is present.
IDENT2	Status signal of IC7015-6B. Low CVBS present. High CVBS not present.
IF	Intermediate frequency
INT/EXT	Switch signal Internal/external
L/L'	Switch signal SECAM L/SECAM L'
L/L'	Switch signal SECAM L/SECAM L'
NIL	Non Inter Lace
ON/OFF STATUS	On/off status signal
OSD-FAST BL	Fast blanking via OSD
OSD-G	Green signal via OSD
POR	Power on reset
R	Red signal
R.SCART	Red signal via scart
REL-BUS	Release bus signal from system panel.
R-TXT	Red signal via teletext
SANDCASTLE1	Sandcastle-signal 1
SANDCASTLE2	Sandcastle -signal 2
SATURATION	Saturation
SC-OVER	Scart-signal suppression
SCL	Clock line IIC-bus
SDA	Data line of the IIC-bud
SDM	Service Default Mode
SHARPNESS	Sharpness control
CONTROL	
SL-EN	Signal to select the smart loader
STANDBY	Standby-switch signal
STATUS	Switch signal. High CVBS via scart. Low internal CVBS
V-DRIVE	Vertical drive
VFB	Vertical feedback
VG2	VG2 voltage
VOLUME	Volume control
V-VARI	Tuning voltage
Y	Luminance signal

Notes:

12. Spare parts list / Stükliste / Liste des pièces

Chassis A7H.1

23

Main carrier [A1,A3-A9]		Chassis A7H.1										
Various		2045	4822 122 32139	12pF	2%	63V	2431▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	
		2045	4822 122 13689	18pF	1%	63V	2432▲	4822 122 33893	18nF	10%	63V	
		2050	4822 126 13296	100nF	10%	16V	2500	4822 126 13597	330pF	10%	500V	
		2053	4822 126 13296	100nF	10%	16V	2501▲	4822 126 11524	1.5nF	10%	1KV	
		2080▲	5322 122 32654	22nF	10%	63V	2502	4822 121 43856	4.7nF	5%	250V	
▲	4822 276 12597	Mains switch	2082	4822 124 40763	2.2μF	100	V	2503	5322 121 42489	33nF	5%	250V
	4822 276 13307	Operating switch	2084	4822 126 13296	100nF	10%	16V	2505▲	4822 126 14037	2.2nF	20%	250V
		assy	2101▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	2506	4822 121 43343	4.7nF	10%	400V
▲	4822 265 30389	Con. 2P (0041)	2104	4822 124 11529	16V	47μF	20%	2507▲	4822 121 10512	275V	220n	20%
▲	4822 265 40596	Con. 2P (0050)	2109	4822 121 41738	270nF	5%	63V	2508▲	4822 126 11141	2.2nF	10%	1KV
▲	4822 265 30389	Con. 2P (0051)	2112	4822 122 33891	3.3nF	10%	63V	2509▲	4822 126 11141	2.2nF	10%	1KV
▲	4822 265 20709	Con. 2P (0061)	2113	4822 122 33891	3.3nF	10%	63V	2510▲	4822 121 42004	10nF	10%	400V
	4822 264 40207	Con. 3P (0040)	2117▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	2511	4822 124 41596	22μF	20%	50V
	4822 264 40239	Con. 3P (0063)	2120	4822 122 33175	2.2nF	20%	50V	2512	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V
	4822 290 40284	Con. 3P RFK1	2120	4822 122 33891	3.3nF	10%	63V	2513	4822 126 13694	68pF	1%	63V
	4822 267 41213	Con. 4P eco duo	2122	4822 122 33175	2.2nF	20%	50V	2514	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V
▲	4822 267 40699	Con. 4P (PD1)	2122	5322 122 31865	1.5nF	10%	63V	2515	4822 122 81257	47μF	50/10%	200V
▲	4822 267 41208	Con. 4P (0045)	2123	4822 122 31644	2.2nF	10%	63V	2516	4822 124 11532	47μF	400V	20%
▲	4822 265 30378	Con. 4P (0048)	2124▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V	2516	4822 124 11831	68μF	20%	400V
	4822 265 30899	Con. 5P (0053)	2125▲	5322 122 32654	22nF	10%	63V	2517▲	5322 122 34123	1nF	10%	50V
	4822 267 30546	Con. 6P	2126	4822 124 40769	4.7μF	20%	100V	2518	5322 122 32452	47pF	5%	63V
	4822 265 40252	Con. 7P RFK1	2127	4822 124 40763	2.2μF	100	V	2519▲	4822 126 11141	2.2nF	10%	1KV
	4822 290 40295	Con. 7P (0049)	2128	5322 122 32531	100pF	5%	50V	2520▲	4822 126 11141	2.2nF	10%	1KV
▲	4822 265 40818	Con. 8P (0056)	2129▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V	2521▲	4822 124 12126	10μF	20%	400V
	4822 267 60243	Con. 21P Scart	2152	4822 124 40763	2.2μF	100	V	2522	4822 126 13599	3.3nF	10%	500V
	4822 492 71655	Spring fix. IC7157	2153	5322 122 32531	100pF	5%	50V	2525	5322 121 42386	100nF	5%	63V
	4822 492 11528	Spring fix. IC7401, IC7402	2154	4822 122 33175	2.2nF	20%	50V	2526	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V
	4822 492 70871	Spring fix. IC7422	2155	5322 121 42661	330nF	5%	63V	2526▲	4822 124 40433	47μF	20%	25V
	4822 492 70871	Spring fix. IC7504	2156	4822 126 13061	220nF	20%	25V	2527	4822 126 13597	330pF	10%	500V
▲	4822 256 92053	Fuse holder (1501)	2158▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	2528	4822 121 42408	220nF	5%	63V
	4822 256 91918	LED holder	2161	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V	2529	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V
	4822 404 31451	Bracket fix. IR receiver	2162	4822 122 33575	220pF	5%	50V	2531	5322 121 42498	680nF	5%	63V
	4822 402 10524	Tuner bracket (extended)	2163	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V	2532	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V
	4822 404 31452	Tuner bracket	2169	4822 122 33515	82pF	5%	63V	2533	4822 124 40201	1000μF	20%	16V
	4822 402 10178	Interface bracket (TV cap)	2170▲	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2534	4822 124 81029	100μF	20%	25V
1001	4822 210 10715	Tuner FL2477/85 PLL	2171▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	2535	5322 121 42386	100nF	5%	63V
1015	4822 242 70936	Filter 38.9MHz OFWJ1952M	2174▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V	2536	5322 121 42498	680nF	5%	63V
1015▲	4822 242 72197	Filter 38.9MHz OFWK2950M	2175	4822 122 33891	3.3nF	10%	63V	2537	4822 124 41596	22μF	20%	50V
1015	4822 242 81388	Filter 38.9MHz OFWG1961M	2176	4822 126 13689	18pF	1%	63V	2538	5322 121 42489	33nF	5%	250V
1015	4822 242 81737	Filter 38.9MHz OFWG1965M	2177▲	5322 126 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V	2539▲	4822 124 40433	47μF	20%	25V
1032	4822 242 72211	Filter 5.5MHz (TPS)	2178▲	5322 122 32654	22nF	10%	63V	2540	4822 121 42408	220nF	5%	63V
1032	4822 242 81712	Filter 5.5MHz (TPWA04B)	2179	4822 122 33175	2.2nF	20%	50V	2604▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V
1033	4822 153 30025	Filter 6MHz (TFS)	2180▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V	2615	5322 122 32531	100pF	5%	50V
1033	4822 242 81301	Filter 6.5MHz ((TPS))	2181	4822 122 33175	10nF	20%	50V	2623	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V
1033	4822 242 81572	Filter 6MHz (TPS)	2182	4822 122 33175	10nF	20%	50V	2624	4822 124 40769	4.7μF	20%	100V
1101	4822 242 81423	Filter 38.9MHz OFWL9453M	2183▲	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2625	4822 122 32535	680pF	10%	63V
1135	4822 242 70714	Filter 5.5MHz	2184	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V	2629	4822 124 40763	2.2μF	100	V
1135	4822 242 71841	Filter 6.0MHz	2185	4822 122 33175	10nF	20%	50V	2630	4822 124 40763	2.2μF	100	V
1136▲	4822 242 10316	Filter 6.5MHz	2186	4822 122 33175	10nF	20%	50V	2651	4822 122 32535	680pF	10%	63V
1136	4822 242 71713	Filter 6.0MHz	2187▲	5322 122 34123	1nF	10%	50V	2658	4822 126 13694	68pF	1%	63V
1501▲	4822 070 33152	Fuse3.15A	2188	4822 124 41579	47μF	20%	50V	2662	4822 122 33175	2.2nF	20%	50V
1502▲	4822 252 51185	Fuse 630mA	2189	4822 124 41751	47μF	20%	50V	2663▲	5322 122 10223	4.7nF	10%	63V
1679	4822 242 10328	X-tal 8MHz	2190	5322 122 32452	47pF	5%	63V	2666	4822 124 40255	100pF	20%	63V
1685	4822 242 30842	IR receiver	2191	4822 126 13473	220nF	20%-20%	50V	2668	4822 122 32535	100pF	5%	63V
1701	4822 242 81246	X-tal 27MHz	2192	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2676	5322 122 32448	47pF	5%	63V
			2193	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V	2677	5322 122 32448	10pF	5%	50V
			2194	4822 124 41751	47μF	20%	50V	2678	5322 122 32448	10pF	5%	50V
			2195	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2679	5322 122 32452	47pF	5%	63V
			2196	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2680	5322 122 32658	22pF	5%	50V
			2197	4822 124 41751	47μF	20%	50V	2681	5322 122 32658	22pF	5%	50V
			2198	4822 122 33177	10nF	20%	50V	2682	4822 126 13061	220nF	20%	25V
			2199	4822 124 41751	47μF	20%	50V	2683	5322 122 32531	100pF	5%	50V
			2200	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V	2685	4822 124 81029	100μF	20%	25V
			2201	4822 124 41751	47μF	20%	50V	2686	4822 126 13482	470nF	80/20%	16V
			2202	4822 122 32654	22nF	10%	50V	2687	4822 122 32535	680pF	10%	63V
			2203	4822 124 40756	10nF	10%	400V	2701	5322 122 32444	8.2pF	5%	50V
			2204	4822 122 32688	470pF	10%	50V	2702	4822 122 32504	15pF	2%	63V
			2205	4822 124 41334	470μF	20%	35V	2703	5322 126 10511	1nF	5%	50V
			2206	4822 124 80065	1000μF	20%	50V	2704▲	4822 126 10002	100nF	20%	25V
			2207	4822 124 40243	1.5μF	20%	63V	2706▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V
			2208	4822 124 40756	1μF	20%	100V	2707	4822 126 13296	100nF	10%	16V
			2209	4822 122 42365	330nF	5%	250V	2711▲	4822 126 10002	100nF	20%	25V
			2210	4822 124 42366	330nF	5%	250V	2715▲	4822 126 10002	100nF	20%	25V
			2211	4822 124 42367	470nF	5%	250V	2732	4822 126 13296	100nF	10%	16V
			2212	4822 124 42368	470nF	5%	250V	2734▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V
			2213	4822 124 42369	470nF	5%	250V	2752▲	4822 124 40433	47μF	20%	25V
			2214	4822 124 42376	470nF	5%	250V	2848▲	4822 124 41579	10μF	20%	50V
			2215	48								

3353	4822 051 20474	470k 5% 0.1W	3615	4822 117 10834	47k 1% 0.1W	3752▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	6500	4822 130 34233	BZX79-BSV1
3354	4822 100 11483	10k 30% 0.1W	3617▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	3762▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	6501▲	4822 130 34173	BZX79-B5V6
3368	4822 116 83864	47k 5% 0.5W	3618	4822 051 10332	3k3 2% 0.25W	3763▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	6502	4822 130 34281	BZX79-B15
3369	4822 051 20224	220k 5% 0.1W	3619	4822 050 11002	1k 1% 0.4W	3764▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	6503	4822 130 42488	BYD33D
3370	4822 051 20684	680Ω 5% 0.1W	3620	4822 116 83864	10k 5% 0.5W	3765▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	6504	4822 130 41487	BYV95C
3400	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	3621	4822 051 20223	22k 5% 0.1W	3766▲	4822 117 10834	10k 1% 0.1W	6506	4822 130 70021	S1NB60
3401	4822 051 20154	150k 5% 0.1W	3621	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	3767▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	6507	5322 130 31938	BYV27-200
3402	4822 051 20681	680Ω 5% 0.1W	3623	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	3770▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	6508	4822 209 81397	TL431CLPST
3402	4822 117 11454	820Ω 1% 0.1W	3624	4822 051 20104	100k 5% 0.1W	3781	4822 051 10822	8k2 2% 0.25W	6509	4822 130 80883	BZX55-C4V7
3403▲	4822 052 10689	68Ω 5% 0.33W	3625	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	3786	4822 051 10102	1k 2% 0.25W	6510	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
3404▲	4822 052 10158	105 5% 0.33W	3628	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	3788	4822 053 10279	27Ω 5% 1W	6511	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
3405▲	4822 052 11228	222 5% 0.5W	3630	4822 117 12345	360k 1% 0.1W	3788	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W	6514	5322 130 83584	BZT03-C130
3405▲	4822 052 11478	4Ω2 5% 0.5W	3631	4822 050 21504	150k 1% 0.6W	3850	4822 051 20562	5k6 5% 0.1W	6515	5322 130 31932	BZT03-C200
3406	4822 053 10182	1k8 5% 1W	3632	4822 051 10102	1k 2% 0.25W	3851▲	4822 116 83953	75Ω 5% 0.125W	6516▲	4822 130 32896	BYD33M
3407	4822 101 11376	220Ω pot.meter	3648	4822 116 52195	47Ω 5% 0.5W	3852▲	4822 051 20562	5k6 5% 0.1W	6517	5322 130 31932	BZT03-C200
3409	4822 051 10102	1k 2% 0.25W	3649	4822 116 52195	47Ω 5% 0.5W	3853▲	4822 116 83953	75Ω 5% 0.125W	6518	4822 130 42488	BYD33D
3410	4822 051 20393	39k 5% 0.1W	3650	4822 050 11002	1k 1% 0.4W	3860▲	4822 051 20471	470Ω 5% 0.1W	6519	5322 130 31938	BYV27-200
3412	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W	3651	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	3862▲	4822 051 20471	47Ω 5% 0.1W	6520▲	4822 130 32715	SB340
3415▲	4822 053 12279	27Ω 5% 3W	3652▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	3863	4822 051 20223	22k 5% 0.1W	6521	4822 130 42488	BYD33D
3415	4822 053 12399	39Ω 5% 3W	3653▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	3864	4822 116 52289	5k6 5% 0.5W	6522▲	4822 130 30621	IN4148
3417	4822 116 52272	330k 5% 0.5W	3654	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W	3865▲	4822 116 83953	75Ω 5% 0.125W	6523▲	4822 130 30621	IN4148
3419	4822 116 52303	8k2 5% 0.5W	3655	4822 117 11384	2k7 1% 0.1W	3871	4822 117 11503	220Ω 1% 0.1W	6524▲	4822 130 30621	IN4148
3420	4822 116 83882	39k 5% 0.5W	3656	4822 116 52283	4k7 5% 0.5W	3875▲	4822 116 83953	75Ω 5% 0.125W	6540	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
3420	4822 116 83884	47k 5% 0.5W	3658	4822 117 11384	2k7 1% 0.1W	3876	4822 051 10332	3k3 2% 0.25W	6602	4822 130 82037	HZT33
3421	4822 116 52244	15k 5% 0.5W	3659	4822 051 20182	1k8 5% 0.1W	3878	4822 117 10965	18k 1% 0.1W	6650	4822 130 34233	BZX79-B5V1
3422	4822 117 11384	2k7 1% 0.1W	3660	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W	3879	4822 051 10473	47k 2% 0.25W	6651	4822 130 80905	BYV55-F5V1
3423	4822 051 20561	560Ω 5% 0.1W	3661	4822 050 11002	1k 1% 0.4W	3880	4822 051 20562	5k6 5% 0.1W	6658▲	4822 130 30621	IN4148
3424▲	4822 052 10109	10Ω 5% 0.33W	3662	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	3881	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	6663	4822 209 72895	TLUV5320
3425	4822 053 11129	12Ω 5% 2W	3663	4822 117 10353	150Ω 1% 0.1W	3882▲	4822 051 20471	47Ω 5% 0.1W	6704	4822 130 82886	BVZ55-B3V0
3426	4822 116 52289	6k6 5% 0.5W	3664	4822 051 20683	6k8 5% 0.1W	3888	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	6705	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3427▲	4822 052 11108	1Ω 5% 0.5W	3665	4822 051 20683	6k8 5% 0.1W	3889	4822 051 10751	75Ω 2% 0.25W	6751	4822 130 81227	BVZ55-F5V6
3428▲	4822 052 11108	1Ω 5% 0.5W	3666	4822 116 83868	150Ω 5% 0.5W	3890	4822 117 11507	6k8 1% 0.1W	6849▲	4822 130 30621	IN4148
3430	4822 052 10821	820Ω 5% 0.33W	3667	4822 051 20471	470Ω 5% 0.1W	3891	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	6850	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3431▲	4822 052 11471	470Ω 5% 0.5W	3668	4822 117 11384	2k7 1% 0.1W	3892	4822 116 52269	3k3 5% 0.5W	6851	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3432	4822 051 20105	1M 5% 0.1W	3669	4822 051 20433	43k 5% 0.1W	3893▲	4822 116 83953	75Ω 5% 0.125W	6852	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3432	4822 051 20225	2M2 5% 0.1W	3670	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W	4xxx	4822 051 10008	Ω 5% 0.25W	6853	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3433	4822 051 20393	39k 5% 0.1W	3671	▲ 4822 051 10103	10k 2% 0.25W				6854	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3434	4822 051 20223	22k 5% 0.1W	3672	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W				6855	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3436▲	4822 052 10151	150Ω 5% 0.33W	3673	4822 117 10833	10k 1% 0.1W				6865	4822 130 80446	BAS32L
3437▲	4822 053 11103	10k 5% 2W	3674	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W						
3440	4822 116 83868	150Ω 5% 0.5W	3675	4822 116 83864	10k 5% 0.5W	5010	4822 157 63081	0.56μH 20%	7001▲	4822 209 80817	L7805CV
3500	4822 051 20331	330Ω 5% 0.1W	3676	4822 116 83864	10k 5% 0.5W	5010	4822 157 63858	0.39μH	7015	4822 209 15106	TDA8361E/N5
3500	4822 117 11504	270Ω 1% 0.1W	3677	4822 117 11384	2k7 1% 0.1W	5032	4822 157 53634	5.6μH 10%	7015	4822 209 15251	TDA8362E/N5
3501▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	3678	4822 117 11449	82k 1% 0.1W	5040	4822 157 71518	33mH	7030▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3502	4822 116 83864	10k 5% 0.5W	3679	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W	5043	4822 157 71517	38mH	7103	5322 130 42755	BC847C
3503	4822 116 83864	10k 5% 0.5W	3680▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	5195	4822 157 11213	22μH	7125	4822 209 63105	TDA3843/V3
3504	4822 116 52219	330k 5% 0.5W	3681▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	5196	4822 157 11213	22μH	7126▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3505	4822 116 52213	180Ω 5% 0.5W	3682▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	5197	4822 157 10359	33μH	7126	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3506	4822 117 12094	0.33Ω 5%	3683▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	5198	4822 157 71519	47μH 5%	7127	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3507▲	4822 050 21202	1k2 1% 0.6W	3684▲	4822 051 20332	3k3 5% 0.1W	5241	4822 157 11421	100μH 10%	7141▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3507	4822 050 21502	1k5 1% 0.6W	3685▲	4822 051 20332	3k3 5% 0.1W	5422▲	4822 140 10639	LOT (Line output transformer)	7142▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3508	4822 053 10682	6k8 5% 1W	3686	4822 051 20472	4k7 1% 0.1W	5424▲	4822 156 50097	Linearity coil	7143▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3509	4822 116 52271	33k 5% 0.5W	3687▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	5500▲	4822 146 10461	Power trafo	7145▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3510	4822 117 12096	22k 1%	3688	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	5502▲	4822 146 10478	Power trafo	7146▲	4822 209 32531	TDA7056A/N2
3511▲	4822 053 10272	27k 5% 1W	3689▲	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	5503	4822 526 10494	Ferrite bead	7147	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3512	4822 116 52297	68k 5% 0.5W	3690▲	4822 051 20333	33k 5% 0.1W	5505	4822 157 70826	2.4μH	7243▲	5322 130 41982	BC848B
3513	4822 053 10334	330k 5% 1W	3691	4822 116 52234	100k 5% 0.5W	5506	4822 157 50964	100μH	7250	4822 209 90129	TDA8395/N2
3514▲	4822 052 10108	112 5% 0.33W	3692▲	4822 051 20472	4k7 5% 0.1W	5509	4822 157 71915	5.6μH	7271	4822 209 12635	TDA4665/V4
3515▲	4822 052 10108	1Ω 5% 0.33W	3693	4822 051 20273	27k 5% 0.1W	5601▲	4822 157 51462	10μH	7400▲	4822 130 40981	BC337-25
3516	4822 116 40137	PTC 360 365V	3694▲	4822 051 20332	3k3 5% 0.1W	5671	4822 157 71703	82μH	7401	4822 130 40917	BD238
3517▲	4822 051 20101	100Ω 5% 0.1W	3695▲	4822 051 20331	330Ω 5% 0.1W	5677	4822 152 20678	33μH	7402	4822 130 40823	BD139
3517	4822 117 11504	270Ω 1% 0.1W	3696	4822 117 11449	2k2 1% 0.1W	5701	4822 157 60141	3.3μH	7402	4822 130 44235	BD237
3518	4822 117 12952	120									

7658▲ 4822 209 73852 PMBT2369
 7665▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7670▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7672▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7674▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7685 4822 209 32709 ST24C04FB1
 7700 4822 209 90125 SAA5254/P/E/MIC
 7702 5322 209 10357 HEF4066BP

7711▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7713▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7715▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7731 5322 130 41983 BC858B
 7732▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7740▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7745▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7751▲ 4822 130 41344 BC337-40
 7856▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7857 5322 130 41983 BC858B

7858▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7875▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B
 7876▲ 5322 130 41982 BC848B

Smart Loader [A6A]

Various

4822 212 10424 Smart Loader Panel
 4822 265 10457 Con. 8P F-pin (LM1)

3930 4822 116 83883 470Ω 5% 0.5W
 3931▲ 4822 052 10279 27Ω 5% 0.33W
 3932▲ 4822 052 10279 27Ω 5% 0.33W
 3933▲ 4822 052 10279 27Ω 5% 0.33W

CRT Panel [B1]

Various

4822 212 11573 CRT panel (14")
 4822 212 11574 CRT panel (21")
 ▲ 4822 255 70261 CRT socket (21")
 ▲ 4822 255 70306 CRT socket (14"),
 8P m-neck
 1371▲ 4822 252 51175 Fuse 2.5A

-H-

2301 4822 124 80791 470μF 20% 16V
 2304 5322 122 31863 330pF 5% 50V
 2304 5322 126 10733 680pF 5% 50V
 2324 4822 122 33216 270pF 5% 50V
 2324 5322 116 80853 560pF 5% 63V
 2344 5322 122 31863 330pF 5% 50V
 2344 5322 126 10733 680pF 5% 50V
 2373 4822 121 41926 33nF 5% 630V
 2374 4822 124 81107 4.7μF 20% 250V

-I-

3300 4822 100 12226 2k2 30% LIN0.1W
 3301 4822 116 83872 220Ω 5% 0.5W
 3303 4822 116 52219 330Ω 5% 0.5W
 3304 4822 116 52197 56Ω 5% 0.5W
 3310 4822 100 12227 4k7 30% LIN0.1W
 3311 4822 116 52207 1k2 5% 0.5W
 3312 4822 116 52175 100Ω 5% 0.5W
 3313 4822 116 83868 150Ω 5% 0.5W
 3314▲ 4822 053 11123 12k 5% 2W

3315 4822 050 21502 1k5 1% 0.6W
 3316 4822 051 20562 5k6 5% 0.1W
 3320 4822 100 12226 2k2 30% LIN0.1W
 3321 4822 116 52222 390Ω 5% 0.5W
 3322 4822 116 52243 1k5 5% 0.5W
 3323 4822 051 20331 330Ω 5% 0.1W
 3324 4822 116 52197 56Ω 5% 0.5W
 3325 4822 051 20562 5k6 5% 0.1W
 3330 4822 100 12227 4k7 30% LIN0.1W
 3331 4822 116 52207 1k2 5% 0.5W

3333 4822 116 83868 150Ω 5% 0.5W
 3334▲ 4822 053 11123 12k 5% 2W
 3335 4822 050 21502 1k5 1% 0.6W

3336 4822 116 52175 100Ω 5% 0.5W
 3339▲ 4822 053 11123 12k 5% 2W
 3343 4822 051 20331 330Ω 5% 0.1W
 3344 4822 116 52197 56Ω 5% 0.5W
 3346 4822 100 12227 4k7 30% lin.1W
 3347 4822 116 52207 1k2 5% 0.5W
 3348 4822 116 83868 150Ω 5% 0.5W
 3352 4822 116 52175 100Ω 5% 0.5W
 3355 4822 050 21502 1k5 1% 0.6W
 3357 4822 051 20562 5k6 5% 0.1W
 3360 4822 117 11504 270Ω 1% 0.1W
 3361▲ 4822 051 20332 3k3 5% 0.1W
 3362 4822 051 20681 680Ω 5% 0.1W
 3363▲ 4822 052 10109 10Ω 5% 0.33W
 3371▲ 4822 052 10228 2Ω 5% 0.33W
 3372▲ 4822 052 10228 2Ω 5% 0.33W
 3373 4822 050 21502 1k5 1% 0.6W
 3374 4822 050 21502 1k5 1% 0.6W

2902▲ 4822 124 41579 10μF 20% 50V
 2903▲ 4822 124 41579 10μF 20% 50V
 2905▲ 4822 124 41579 10μF 20% 50V

3901 4822 050 11002 1k 1% 0.4W
 3902 4822 116 83884 47k 5% 0.5W
 3903 4822 116 52238 12k 5% 0.5W
 3904 4822 050 11002 1k 1% 0.4W
 3905 4822 050 11002 1k 1% 0.4W
 3906 4822 116 52269 3k3 5% 0.5W
 3907 4822 116 83884 47k 5% 0.5W
 3908 4822 116 52283 4k7 5% 0.5W

6901 4822 130 34167 BZX79-B6V2

6310 4822 130 34174 BZX79-B4V7
 6314▲ 4822 130 42489 BYD33G
 6330 4822 130 34174 BZX79-B4V7
 6334▲ 4822 130 42489 BYD33G
 6350 4822 130 34174 BZX79-B4V7
 6354▲ 4822 130 42489 BYD33G
 6355 4822 130 34382 BZX79-B8V2

7901 5322 209 10576 HEF4053BD

7902 4822 130 40937 BC548B

Clock Panel [E1]

Various

4822 212 10525 Clock panel
 4822 267 41047 Con. 4P

-H-

2951▲ 4822 126 10002 100nF 20% 25V
 2952 4822 122 33498 2.7nF 10% 63V
 2953 4822 124 81029 100μF 20% 25V

-I-

3951▲ 4822 051 20101 100Ω 5% 0.1W
 3952▲ 4822 051 20101 100Ω 5% 0.1W
 3953 4822 051 10101 100Ω 2% 0.25W
 3954▲ 4822 051 20101 100Ω 5% 0.1W

-L-

6951 4822 130 80312 TLHY4400
 6952 4822 130 10212 TLHR4401

Radio Panel [E2]

Various

4822 212 10426 Radio Panel
 4822 267 40722 Con. 6P (RP1)
 4822 264 40239 Con. 3P (RM1)

1910 4822 210 10725 Radio tuner

-H-

2901▲ 4822 124 41579 10μF 20% 50V